Name:

Imagine a bug with a wheel on its back, sounds pretty cool, right? Well, meet the wheel bug, a fascinating insect that gets its name from the spiky, wheel-shaped crest on its back. This curious creature is one of the largest members of the assassin bug family, growing up to 1.5 inches long. Their bodies are usually brown or grey, and they have long, slender legs and antennae.



Continuing our journey, let's delve into the habitats of these unique bugs. Wheel bugs are native to North America and can be found from coast to coast, living in forests, gardens, and fields. They're true homebodies and usually stay in the same area their whole life. They prefer warmer climates, but can survive in colder regions during the winter by hiding under leaf litter or bark.

Now, what do you think these critters eat? They have quite an appetite for other bugs, including harmful pests like aphids and caterpillars. They use their long, sharp beak to stab their prey and inject a venom that turns their insides into liquid, which they then slurp up like a bug smoothie! Despite their scary feeding habits, wheel bugs are generally not aggressive towards humans unless provoked.

Let's take a peek into the wheel bug's life cycle and defenses. After mating in the fall, the female lays a cluster of eggs that hatch into tiny nymphs in the spring. These nymphs go through several stages of growth before becoming adults, shedding their skin each time. Their wheel-shaped crest not only makes them look cool, but also serves as a warning to predators that they are not a tasty snack.



In the world of bugs, wheel bugs certainly stand out with their unique appearance and lifestyle. They play an important role in controlling pest populations, making them a friend to gardeners and farmers. Though they might look a bit scary, remember they're more interested in gobbling up other bugs than bothering humans. So next time you're exploring the great outdoors, keep an eye out for these incredible insects and their wheel-shaped crests!

		Wheel Bug	Name:
Solv	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	How do wheel bugs feed on their pr	rey?	
	A. They use their wheel to crush th prey.		a venom that turns their es into liquid.
	C. They tie up their prey with silk eating it.	before D. They spin the stun them.	neir prey in their wheel to
2)	What is the purpose of the wheel bu	g's wheel-shaped crest?	
	A. It is used to grind their food.	B. It helps ther	n move faster.
	C. It captures sunlight for energy.	D. It serves as	a warning to predators.
3)	What color are wheel bugs?		
	A. They are usually green or black	. B. They are us	ually brown or grey.
	C. They are usually yellow or red.	D. They are us	ually orange or white.
4)	Do wheel bugs travel a lot?		
,	A. Yes, they move to new places e season.	very B. Yes, they tra	avel south for the winter.
	C. Yes, each day they make a new	home D. No, they us their whole	ually stay in the same area life.
5)	When do female wheel bugs lay the	ir eggs?	
	A. In the winter.	B. In the summ	ner.
	C. In the fall.	D. In the spring	g.
6)	How big do wheel bugs get?		
	A. Almost 6 inches	B. Almost 12 i	nches
	C. Almost 8 inches	D. Almost 2 in	ches
7)	Where do wheel bugs usually prefer	to live?	
	A. Only in snow and cold areas.		ardens, and fields.
	C. In deserts and dry areas.	D. In watery an	eas like lakes and ponds.
8)	What role do wheel bugs play for g	ardeners and farmers?	
,	A. They spread pollen from flower flower.		lants grow faster.
	C. They control pest populations.	D. They scare a	away other insects.
9)	How do wheel bugs survive in cold	regions?	
,	A. By staying with birds in their ne	•	n underground burrows
	C. Hiding under leaves	D. By locating	caves and staying in them
10)	Wheel bugs are members of what b	ug family?	
	A. Lady bugs	B. Assassin bu	gs
	0 0/11	<b>D D</b> '	· ·

C. Stink bugs D. Praying mantis

	Whee	el Bug Name:				
11)	What gives the wheel bug its name?					
	A. Their eyes are shaped like wheels.	B. They have wheels instead of legs.				
	C. The wheel-shaped crest on its back.	D. It spins like a wheel when it moves.				
	Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).					
12)	"I'm a farmer's best friend, keeping their crops safe from harmful pests."					
13)	"Here's a creepy thing I do - I stab other bugs with my sharp beak and turn their insides into liquid, which I then drink up!"					
14)	"We wheel bugs are a pest for gardeners and farmers."					
15)	"Please don't provoke me! I won't bother you if you keep your distance."					
16)	"I can live anywhere from a dense forest to your home garden."					
17)	"Want to know how I survive in winter? I hide under leaf litter or bark!"					
18)	"I really enjoy feasting on plants and fruits."					
<b>19</b> )	"Believe it or not, I'm one of the biggest assassin bugs around."					
20)	"My wheel-shaped crest, besides being cool, acts as a warning to predators."					

- 21) "I am really tiny, less than an inch long."
- 22) "We wheel bugs lay eggs daily."
- 23) "If you give me a warm climate, I'll be the happiest bug around."
- 24) "Here's an interesting tidbit I usually stay put in one place throughout my life."
- 25) "I can't stand warm climates, I love cold places the most."
- 26) "I am a good friend of aphids and caterpillars."
- 27) "Sometimes I can be quite a nightmare for aphids and caterpillars, they're my favorite snacks!"

#### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **28)** Wheel bugs use a long, sharp beak to pierce their prey and inject venom, which turns their prey's insides into a liquid that they consume.
- 29) It is amazing that wheel bugs can survive in a variety of climates, even in colder regions.
- **30)** Wheel bugs are carnivorous and they feed on other bugs like aphids and caterpillars.
- **31**) The way wheel bugs turn their prey into a liquid using their venom before eating it is kind of gross.
- **32**) Wheel bugs are native to North America, living in different places like forests, gardens, and fields.
- **33**) Wheel bugs are the best bugs because they control pest populations and help gardeners and farmers.
- **34**) Wheel bugs shed their skin several times during their growth period from being nymphs to becoming adults.
- **35**) Wheel bugs usually stay in the same area throughout their entire life.
- **36)** Wheel bugs look like they rolled straight out of a sci-fi movie.

Reading



### Wheel Bug

**37)** The way wheel bugs consume their prey is gross.

### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **38)** Wheel bugs are native to North America.
- **39)** Wheel bugs often migrate hundreds of miles during winter.
- **40)** Wheel bugs use their sharp beak to inject a venom into their prey.
- 41) Wheel bugs are so small you need a microscope to view them.
- **42)** The wheel-shaped crest on a wheel bug's back is a warning signal to predators.
- **43**) Wheel bugs prefer to live in cold climates.
- **44)** Wheel bugs are aggressive towards humans.
- **45**) Wheel bugs are found exclusively in Asia.
- **46)** Wheel bugs are members of the assassin bug family.
- 47) Wheel bugs are named after the spiky, wheel-shaped crest on their back.

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **48**) Do wheel bugs change their colors?
- **49)** The way wheel Bugs feed by injecting their prey with digestive enzymes and then sucking out the liquefied insides is incredibly gross!
- 50) Wheel bugs have a unique wheel-shaped structure on their thorax.
- 51) Their unique wheel-shaped protrusion on their back is so distinctive!
- 52) Where do wheel bugs live?
- 53) Do wheel bugs have wings?
- 54) Wheel bugs use their long beak-like mouthparts to inject venom into their prey.
- 55) Wheel bugs are beneficial insects as they prey on garden pests like caterpillars and beetles.

	Wheel Bug	Name:
1	26	51
2.	27.	52.
3.	28.	53
4	29.	54
5.	30.	55
6	31	
7	32.	
8	33.	
9	34	
10.	35.	
11.	36.	
12.	37.	
13.	38.	
14.	39.	
15.	40.	
16.	41	
17	42.	
18.	43.	
19.	44	
20.	45	
21	46.	
22.	47	
23.	48	
24.	49.	
25.	50	
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	Wheel I	Bug		Name:	Answer	Key			
Solv	e each problem.								
Use	Use the article to answer the question.								
1)	How do wheel bugs feed on their prey?								
	A. They use their wheel to crush their prey.	В.	They inject a venom that the prey's insides into liquid.	urns their					
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	C. They are usually yellow or red.	D.	They are usually orange or	white.					
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,	A. Yes, they move to new places every season.	B.	Yes, they travel south for t	he winter.					
	C. Yes, each day they make a new home	D.	No, they usually stay in the their whole life.	e same area					
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8)	What role do wheel bugs play for gardeners a	and	farmers?						
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	C. They control pest populations.	D.	They scare away other inse	ects.					
9)	How do wheel bugs survive in cold regions?								
·	A. By staying with birds in their nest	B.	By hiding in underground	burrows					
	C. Hiding under leaves	D.	By locating caves and stay	ing in them					

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			Wheel Bug			Name:	Answer Key
1.	В	26.	false	51.	exclamatory		
2.	D	27.	true	52.	interrogative		
3.	B	28.	fact	53.	interrogative		
4.	D	29.	opinion	54.	declarative		
5.	C	30.	fact	55.	declarative		
6.	D	31.	opinion				
7.	В	32.	fact				
8.	C	33.	opinion				
9.	C	34.	fact				
10.	В	35.	fact				
11.	C	36.	opinion				
12.	true	37.	opinion				
13.	true	38.	true				
14.	false	39.	false				
15.	true	40.	true				
16.	true	41.	false				
17.	true	42.	true				
18.	false	43.	false				
19.	true	44.	false				
20.	true	45.	false				
21.	false	46.	true				
22.	false	47.	true				
23.	true	48.	interrogative				
24.	true	49.	exclamatory				
25.	false	50.	declarative				
	Reading	www.Commo	onCoreSheets.com	Page 4	4 of 4		

	Wheel	Bug	Name:				
Solv	e each problem.						
Use the article to answer the question.							
1)	How do wheel bugs feed on their prey? (parage						
	А.	В.	They inject a venom that turns their prey's insides into liquid.				
	С.	D.	prey s'histaes into inquia.				
2)		1 .1.					
2)	What is the purpose of the wheel bug's whee A.		It helps them move faster.				
	C.		It serves as a warning to predators.				
3)	What color are wheel bugs? (paragraph 1)						
3)	A. They are usually green or black.	B.	They are usually brown or grey.				
	C.	D.					
4)	Do wheel bugs travel a lot? (paragraph 2)						
	A. Yes, they move to new places every	B.					
	season.						
	C.	D.	No, they usually stay in the same area their whole life.				
_							
5)	When do female wheel bugs lay their eggs? A.		In the summer.				
	C. In the fall.	Б. D.	In the summer.				
0							
6)	How big do wheel bugs get? (paragraph 1) A. Almost 6 inches	B.					
	C.		Almost 2 inches				
7)	Where do wheel bugs usually profer to live?	,					
7)	Where do wheel bugs usually prefer to live? A.		In forests, gardens, and fields.				
	С.	D.					
8)	What role do wheel bugs play for gardeners	and	farmers? (paragraph 5)				
0)	A. They spread pollen from flower to		They help plants grow faster.				
	flower.						
	C. They control pest populations.	D.					
9)	How do wheel bugs survive in cold regions?	) (parag	graph 2)				
	A. By staying with birds in their nest		By hiding in underground burrows				
	C. Hiding under leaves	D.					
10)	Wheel bugs are members of what bug family						
	A.		Assassin bugs				
	C.	D.					

	Wheel Bug	Name:
11) What gives the wheel bug its nam	ne? (paragraph 1)	
А.	В. ′	They have wheels instead of legs.
C. The wheel-shaped crest on its	back. D.	

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

12) "I'm a farmer's best friend, keeping their crops safe from harmful pests." (paragraph 5)