Ever spotted a small, quick-moving creature with stripes scampering across a trail in Colorado? That\'s probably a Colorado chipmunk! This little critter is a cute and furry friend that you may have seen on your adventures. With their soft, brown fur and distinctive, black and white stripes running down their backs, they're hard to miss. Their bushy tails add an extra touch of charm to their appearance and are often seen standing up straight or twitching as they explore their surroundings. They have bright, curious eyes and tiny round ears that perk up when they hear interesting sounds.



Speaking of interesting sounds, did you know that Colorado chipmunks are known for their chittering sounds? They make these sounds to communicate with one another and to express their feelings. But, that's not all they do. They have a pretty interesting diet too! These little adventurers love munching on seeds, nuts, fruits, and even some types of insects. When it comes to storing food for winter, they're experts, often filling their cheeks with food to take back to their burrows. They're also great climbers, using their sharp claws to scamper up trees in search of tasty treats.

From their diet, let's hop over to their homes, shall we? Colorado chipmunks are quite the homebodies, living in nests that they build in trees or burrows that they dig in the ground. Their burrows not only serve as a cozy home but also as a safe spot to hide from predators like hawks, coyotes, and foxes. They also take long naps called hibernation during the winter, tucking themselves away in their burrows until spring arrives.



Just like us, chipmunks have friends and some not-so-friendly neighbors. They get along well with humans and are often seen in parks and gardens, looking for food and exploring their surroundings. However, they can also be a nuisance to some as they are known to dig up gardens and burrow under structures. Despite this, Colorado chipmunks add a touch of wild charm to the Colorado landscape and remind us of the diverse wildlife that shares our world.



Colorado Chipmunk

		mpn	itumit i tume.
Solv	e each problem.		
	the article to answer the question.		
1)	What do Colorado chipmunks look like?A. White with brown patchesC. Grey with black lines		Brown with black and white stripes Black with white spots
2)	What do Colorado chipmunks do that can be	e a nu	isance to some people?
,	A. dig up gardens and burrow under structures		spread diseases to other animals
	C. steal food from humans	D.	make loud noises at night
3)	Where do Colorado chipmunks live?		
	A. In caves or under rocks	В.	In the sky or in the desert
	C. In nests in trees or burrows in the ground	D.	In water or on mountains
4)	Where do Colorado chipmunks build their no	ests?	
	A. in trees	B.	on river banks
	C. in shrubs	D.	in caves
5)	What sound do Colorado chipmunks make to	o cor	nmunicate and express their feelings?
ŕ	A. howling sounds		whistling sounds
	C. chittering sounds	D.	barking sounds
6)	What do Colorado chipmunks like to eat?		
,	A. Grass, plants, and birds	B.	Fish, meat, and vegetables
	C. Flowers, leaves, and trees	D.	Seeds, nuts, fruits, and insects
7)	What do Colorado chipmunks do during the	wint	er?
ŕ	A. They stay active		They build nests in tree hollows
	C. They hibernate	D.	They migrate
8)	How do Colorado chipmunks interact with h	uma	ns?
,	A. They perform tricks for treats		They bark and chase after them
	C. They hide and run away in fear	D.	They get along well and are often seen in parks and gardens
9)	Who are the predators of Colorado chipmun	ks?	
,	A. bees, wasps, and birds		ants, spiders, and lizards
	C. dogs, cats, and owls	D.	hawks, coyotes, and foxes
10)	What helps a Colorado chipmunk to climb tr	ees?	
,	A. Their long tails	B.	
	C. Their spiny coat	D.	Their sharp teeth

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

	Colorado Chipmunk	Name:
11)	"We like to have cozy homes, so we live in nests in trees or in burrows w ground."	e dig in the
12)	"We love munching on yummy things like seeds, nuts, fruits and even in	sects!"
13)	"You know what makes us special? We make these chattering sounds to other!"	talk to each
14)	"When wintertime comes, you'll see me running and playing around under blanket of snow."	er the white
15)	"During winter, we take long naps, called hibernation. We tuck ourselves and sleep until spring comes."	s into our burrows
16)	"I prefer living in open spaces, not in nests or burrows."	

- 17) "We are great climbers! We use our sharp claws to go up trees and find tasty treats."
- 18) "I absolutely hate seeds and nuts. Give me a slab of meat any time."
- **19)** "I absolutely hate heights. Trees? No, thank you!"
- 20) "I only have black stripes, no white ones."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 21) Chipmunks eat insects along with seeds, nuts, and fruits.
- 22) Chipmunks' high-pitched chittering is the cutest sound an animal makes.
- 23) Hawks, coyotes, and foxes are some of the predators of chipmunks.
- **24)** Colorado chipmunks' bushy tails make them look more adorable than any other type of chipmunk.
- 25) Colorado chipmunks have black and white stripes on their back.
- 26) When a Colorado chipmunk visits your garden it's the best thing that can happen to you.
- 27) Some humans consider chipmunks to be a nuisance due to their burrowing.
- 28) Chipmunks often live in burrows, which they create in the ground.
- 29) Chipmunks running around parks and gardens are always a delightful sight.
- **30**) The most fascinating thing about Colorado chipmunks is their ability to store food in their cheeks.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 31) Colorado chipmunks hibernate during winter.
- 32) Chipmunks are solitary animals and do not interact with other chipmunks.
- **33**) Colorado chipmunks can be a nuisance as they are known to dig up gardens.
- **34)** Colorado chipmunks eat only fruits and vegetables.
- **35)** Colorado chipmunks build nests in trees.
- **36**) Chipmunks are unable to climb trees.
- **37)** Hawks are the only predator a chipmunk has.
- **38)** Chipmunks hibernate all year long.
- **39)** Colorado chipmunks occasionally eat insects.
- **40**) Colorado chipmunks have brown fur with black and white stripes.

	Colorado Ch	hipmunk	Name:					
Dete	Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.							
41)	41) <u>It's important to remember not to feed wild Colorado chipmunks.</u>							
	A. it was	B. it is						
	C. it will	D. it has						
42)	Chipmunks use their tails for balance when \underline{t}	they're climbing and jumping.						
	A. they are	B. they have						
	C. they were	D. they will						
43)	Colorado chipmunks don't stay awake during	g winter, they hibernate.						
	A. does not	B. will not						
	C. cannot	D. do not						
44)	They'll gather food in their cheek pouches an	nd take it back to their burrows						
	A. they will	B. they would						
	C. they can	D. they shall						
45)	Chipmunks can't fly, but they can jump really	ly far between tree branches.						
	A. do not	B. can						
	C. cannot	D. will not						

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 46) Colorado chipmunks communicate with each other using a series of chirps and calls.
- **47)** How fast can Colorado chipmunks run?
- **48)** Colorado chipmunks are excellent climbers and can easily scamper up trees and rocks.
- **49)** Colorado chipmunks love to eat nuts, seeds, and berries.
- 50) Do Colorado chipmunks hibernate during winter?
- 51) What is the average lifespan of a Colorado chipmunk?

	Colorado Chipmu	ık Na	me:
1	26	51	
2	27		
3.	28.		
4	29.		
5.	30.		
6.	31		
7	32.		
8	33.		
9.	34.		
10	35.		
11	36.		
12.	37		
13	38		
14	39.		
15.	40.		
16	41		
17	42.		
18.	43.		
19	44		
20.	45.		
21.	46		
22 23.	47		
23			
24	49 50.		
Deading	CommonCoreSheets.com	Page 5 of 5	

Ever spotted a small, quick-moving creature with stripes scampering across a trail in Colorado? That\'s probably a Colorado chipmunk! This little critter is a cute and furry friend that you may have seen on your adventures. With their soft, brown fur and distinctive, black and white stripes running down their backs, they're hard to miss. Their bushy tails add an extra touch of charm to their appearance and are often seen standing up straight or twitching as they explore their surroundings. They have bright, curious eyes and tiny round ears that perk up when they hear interesting sounds.



Speaking of interesting sounds, did you know that Colorado chipmunks are known for their chittering sounds? They make these sounds to communicate with one another and to express their feelings. But, that's not all they do. They have a pretty interesting diet too! These little adventurers love munching on seeds, nuts, fruits, and even some types of insects. When it comes to storing food for winter, they're experts, often filling their cheeks with food to take back to their burrows. They're also great climbers, using their sharp claws to scamper up trees in search of tasty treats.

From their diet, let's hop over to their homes, shall we? Colorado chipmunks are quite the homebodies, living in nests that they build in trees or burrows that they dig in the ground. Their burrows not only serve as a cozy home but also as a safe spot to hide from predators like hawks, coyotes, and foxes. They also take long naps called hibernation during the winter, tucking themselves away in their burrows until spring arrives.



Just like us, chipmunks have friends and some not-so-friendly neighbors. They get along well with humans and are often seen in parks and gardens, looking for food and exploring their surroundings. However, they can also be a nuisance to some as they are known to dig up gardens and burrow under structures. Despite this, Colorado chipmunks add a touch of wild charm to the Colorado landscape and remind us of the diverse wildlife that shares our world.



Solve each problem.

Solv	e each problem.		
	the article to answer the question.What do Colorado chipmunks look like?A. White with brown patchesC. Grey with black lines		Brown with black and white stripes Black with white spots
2)	What do Colorado chipmunks do that can beA. dig up gardens and burrow under structuresC. steal food from humans	В.	spread diseases to other animals
3)	C. stear food from numansWhere do Colorado chipmunks live?A. In caves or under rocksC. In nests in trees or burrows in the ground	B.	make loud noises at night In the sky or in the desert In water or on mountains
4)	Where do Colorado chipmunks build their netA. in treesC. in shrubs	B.	on river banks in caves
5)	What sound do Colorado chipmunks make toA. howling soundsC. chittering sounds	B.	nmunicate and express their feelings? whistling sounds barking sounds
6)	What do Colorado chipmunks like to eat?A. Grass, plants, and birdsC. Flowers, leaves, and trees		Fish, meat, and vegetables Seeds, nuts, fruits, and insects
7)	What do Colorado chipmunks do during the vA. They stay activeC. They hibernate	B.	er? They build nests in tree hollows They migrate
8)	How do Colorado chipmunks interact with huA. They perform tricks for treatsC. They hide and run away in fear	B.	ns? They bark and chase after them They get along well and are often seen in parks and gardens
9)	Who are the predators of Colorado chipmunkA. bees, wasps, and birdsC. dogs, cats, and owls	B.	ants, spiders, and lizards hawks, coyotes, and foxes
10)	What helps a Colorado chipmunk to climb treA. Their long tailsC. Their spiny coat	B.	Their sharp claws Their sharp teeth

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

 Colorado Chipmunk Name: Answ 11) "We like to have cozy homes, so we live in nests in trees or in burrows we dig in the ground." 12) "We love munching on yummy things like seeds, nuts, fruits and even insects!" 13) "You know what makes us special? We make these chattering sounds to talk to each other!" 14) "When wintertime comes, you'll see me running and playing around under the white blanket of snow." 15) "During winter, we take long naps, called hibernation. We tuck ourselves into our burrows and sleep until spring comes." 	<u>er</u>	Key
 ground." 12) "We love munching on yummy things like seeds, nuts, fruits and even insects!" 13) "You know what makes us special? We make these chattering sounds to talk to each other!" 14) "When wintertime comes, you'll see me running and playing around under the white blanket of snow." 15) "During winter, we take long naps, called hibernation. We tuck ourselves into our burrows 		
 13) "You know what makes us special? We make these chattering sounds to talk to each other!" 14) "When wintertime comes, you'll see me running and playing around under the white blanket of snow." 15) "During winter, we take long naps, called hibernation. We tuck ourselves into our burrows 		
 other!" 14) "When wintertime comes, you'll see me running and playing around under the white blanket of snow." 15) "During winter, we take long naps, called hibernation. We tuck ourselves into our burrows 		
blanket of snow."15) "During winter, we take long naps, called hibernation. We tuck ourselves into our burrows		
16) "I prefer living in open spaces, not in nests or burrows."		
17) "We are great climbers! We use our sharp claws to go up trees and find tasty treats."		
18) "I absolutely hate seeds and nuts. Give me a slab of meat any time."		
19) "I absolutely hate heights. Trees? No, thank you!"		
20) "I only have black stripes, no white ones."		
Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.		
21) Chipmunks eat insects along with seeds, nuts, and fruits.		
22) Chipmunks' high-pitched chittering is the cutest sound an animal makes.		
23) Hawks, coyotes, and foxes are some of the predators of chipmunks.		
24) Colorado chipmunks' bushy tails make them look more adorable than any other type of chipmunk.		
25) Colorado chipmunks have black and white stripes on their back.		
26) When a Colorado chipmunk visits your garden it's the best thing that can happen to you.		
27) Some humans consider chipmunks to be a nuisance due to their burrowing.		
28) Chipmunks often live in burrows, which they create in the ground.		
29) Chipmunks running around parks and gardens are always a delightful sight.		
30) The most fascinating thing about Colorado chipmunks is their ability to store food in their cheeks.		
Determine if the statement is true or false.		
31) Colorado chipmunks hibernate during winter.		
32) Chipmunks are solitary animals and do not interact with other chipmunks.		
33) Colorado chipmunks can be a nuisance as they are known to dig up gardens.		
34) Colorado chipmunks eat only fruits and vegetables.		
35) Colorado chipmunks build nests in trees.		
36) Chipmunks are unable to climb trees.		
37) Hawks are the only predator a chipmunk has.		
38) Chipmunks hibernate all year long.		
39) Colorado chipmunks occasionally eat insects.		
40) Colorado chipmunks have brown fur with black and white stripes.		

	Colorado Ch	iipmunk	Name:	Answer	Key		
Det	Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.						
41)	<u>It's</u> important to remember not to feed wild C	colorado chipmunks.					
	A. it was	B. it is					
	C. it will	D. it has					
42)	Chipmunks use their tails for balance when \underline{t}	hey're climbing and jumping.					
	A. they are	B. they have					
	C. they were	D. they will					
43)	Colorado chipmunks don't stay awake during	winter, they hibernate.					
	A. does not	B. will not					
	C. cannot	D. do not					
44)	They'll gather food in their cheek pouches an	d take it back to their burrows.					
	A. they will	B. they would					
	C. they can	D. they shall					
45)	Chipmunks can't fly, but they can jump really	y far between tree branches.					
	A. do not	B. can					

C. cannot D. will not

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 46) Colorado chipmunks communicate with each other using a series of chirps and calls.
- 47) How fast can Colorado chipmunks run?
- **48)** Colorado chipmunks are excellent climbers and can easily scamper up trees and rocks.
- **49)** Colorado chipmunks love to eat nuts, seeds, and berries.
- 50) Do Colorado chipmunks hibernate during winter?
- 51) What is the average lifespan of a Colorado chipmunk?

		(Colorado Chipm	unk		Name:	Answer Key
1.	В	26.	opinion	51.	interrogati	ive	
2.	A	27.	fact				
3.	C	28.	fact				
4.	Α	29.	opinion				
5.	C	30.	opinion				
6.	D	31.	true				
7.	<u> </u>	32.	false				
8.	D	33.	true				
9.	D	34.	false				
10.	<u> </u>	35.	true				
11.	true	36.	false				
12.	true	37.	false				
13.	true	38.	false				
14.	false	39.	true				
15.	true	40.	true				
16.	false	41.	В				
17.	true	42.	Α				
18.	false	43.	D				
19.	false	44.	Α				
20.	false	45.	С				
21.	fact	46.	declarative				
22.	opinion	47.	interrogative				
23.	fact	48.	declarative				
24.	opinion	49.	declarative				
25.	fact	50.	interrogative				
		ww.Commo	onCoreSheets.com	Page	4 of 4		

Colorado Chipmunk

Solv	e each problem.	r -
	-	
	the article to answer the question.	
1)	What do Colorado chipmunks look like? (par	
	A. White with brown patches	B. Brown with black and white stripes
	С.	D.
2)	What do Colorado chipmunks do that can be	e a nuisance to some people? (paragraph 4)
	A. dig up gardens and burrow under	B.
	structures	
	С.	D.
3)	Where do Colorado chipmunks live? (paragrapi	h 3)
5)	A. In caves or under rocks	B.
	C. In nests in trees or burrows in the	D.
	ground	2.
4)	Where do Colorado chipmunks build their n A. in trees	B. on river banks
	C.	D.
	С.	D.
5)	What sound do Colorado chipmunks make t	o communicate and express their feelings?
	(paragraph 2) A. howling sounds	B. whistling sounds
	C. chittering sounds	D.
	c. entering sounds	<i>D</i> .
6)	What do Colorado chipmunks like to eat? (pa	
	А.	B. Fish, meat, and vegetables
	С.	D. Seeds, nuts, fruits, and insects
7)	What do Colorado chipmunks do during the	winter? (paragraph 3)
,	A.	B. They build nests in tree hollows
	C. They hibernate	D.
0)	How do Colorado abiamunho interest with l	
8)	How do Colorado chipmunks interact with h A. They perform tricks for treats	B. They bark and chase after them
	C.	D. They get along well and are often
	С.	seen in parks and gardens
9)	Who are the predators of Colorado chipmun	
	A. bees, wasps, and birds	B.
	С.	D. hawks, coyotes, and foxes
10)	What helps a Colorado chipmunk to climb t	rees? (paragraph 2)
	A.	B. Their sharp claws
	С.	D.

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



Colorado Chipmunk

- 11) "We like to have cozy homes, so we live in nests in trees or in burrows we dig in the ground." (paragraph 3)
- 12) "We love munching on yummy things like seeds, nuts, fruits and even insects!" (paragraph 2)