

Let's jump into the world of an extraordinary critter, the camel cricket! These amazing insects get their name from their humpbacked appearance, similar to a camel. They have long, spider-like legs and bodies that can grow up to 1.5 inches long. Their color ranges from light to dark brown, allowing them to blend in with their surroundings.



From their unique looks, we hop to their fascinating homes and diets. Camel crickets are found all over the world, especially in cool, damp places like caves, under stones, and in human basements. They are omnivorous scavengers, which means they'll munch on just about anything, from fungi, plant materials, to even other insects. Sometimes, they even eat each other when food is scarce!

Now that we've explored their homes and diets, let's leap into their life cycle and interactions. Camel crickets go through three stages: egg, nymph, and adult. They usually keep to themselves but can be a nuisance to humans when they invade homes, though they do not pose any serious threats. In the wild, they serve as a food source for other animals and help in breaking down decaying plant material.



From their role in the ecosystem, let's bounce to some unique facts and differences. Unlike their cricket cousins, camel crickets do not chirp because they don't have wings. Their 'humpback' design and long legs differentiate them from other cricket species and help them jump high when they are threatened. So, next time you spot a silent, jumping critter in your basement, remember it might just be a harmless camel cricket playing its part in the circle of life.



Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

- 1) What is the color of camel crickets?
 - A. Their color ranges from light to dark brown.
 - C. They are colorful with vibrant red and yellow patterns.
- B. They are black and white, like a zebra.
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- **6)** Where can we commonly find camel crickets?
 - A. They are found in cool, damp places.
- B. They are commonly found in vast, open grassland.
- C. They live in tall trees within dense rainforests.
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- 7) What do camel crickets eat?
 - A. They eat just about anything, from fungi to other insects.
- B. They feed only on nectar and pollen from flowers.
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- 8) Which is not a stage camel crickets go through in their life cycle?
 - A. Adult

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Name:

- 9) What is the size of a fully grown camel cricket?
 - A. About the size of an apple seed
- B. They are microscopic

C. About an inch and a half

- D. They are half a foot long
- **10)** Do camel crickets pose a serious threat to humans?
 - A. Yes, they can be harmful to humans.
- B. They have a poisonous bite that can harm humans.
- C. No, they do not pose any serious threats to humans.
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Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

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Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 31) Camel crickets are omnivorous and eat a variety of things, including plant materials and other insects.
- 32) The fact that camel crickets eat each other when they are hungry is really interesting.
- 33) These crickets are often found in cool, damp places like caves and basements.
- 34) Camel crickets are the coolest type of cricket because they don't chirp like their cousins.
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- 36) Camel crickets are the scariest type of cricket because of their humpbacked bodies.
- **37**) Camel crickets do not chirp because they lack wings.
- **38)** Camel crickets can grow up to almost 2 inches long.
- **39**) Camel crickets ability to jump so high is the best thing about them.
- **40**) Having camel crickets in your home isn't really a problem as they are just looking for a place to live, and they don't bite.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 41) Camel crickets serve as a food source for other animals.
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- **48)** Camel crickets are carnivores.
- **49**) Camel crickets are mostly harmless to humans.
- 50) Camel crickets are named for their humpbacked appearance.

Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- 51) They can't fly, but their jumping skills help them escape from predators.
 - A. will not

B. cannot

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- 52) It's fun to learn about camel crickets and their unique behaviors.
 - A. It is

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Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

56) Camel crickets are omnivorous and feed on a variety of things like dead insects, plant matter, and even other camel crickets.



- Name:
- 57) It's interesting to note that Camel crickets are not actually true crickets!
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- **59**) How do camel crickets get their name?
- **60**) What do camel crickets eat?
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	Camel Cricke	ts Name:	
1.	26.	51.	
2.	27.	52.	
3.	28.	53.	
4.	29.	54.	
5.	30.	55.	
6.	31.	56.	
7.	32.	57.	
8.	33.	58.	
9.	34.	59.	
10.	35.	60.	
11.	36.	61.	
12.	37.	62.	
13.	38.	63.	
14.	39.	64.	
15.	40.		
16	41		

16. _____ 41. ____

17. _____ 42. ____

18. _____ 43. ____

19. _____ 44. ____

20. _____ 45. ____

21. _____ 46. ____

22. _____ 47. ____

23. _____ 48. ____

24. _____ 49. ____

50.



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Name:

Answer Key

			Carrer Crickets
1.	A	26.	true
2.	В	27.	true
3.	C	28.	false
4.	A	29.	true
5.	D	30.	true
6.	A	31.	fact
7.	A	32.	opinion
8.	C	33.	fact
9.	C	34.	opinion
10.	C	35.	fact
11.	false	36.	opinion
12.	false	37.	fact
13.	true	38.	fact
14.	false	39.	opinion
15.	false	40.	opinion
16.	false	41.	true
17.	true	42.	false
18.	true	43.	true
19.	true	44.	false
20.	false	45.	true
21.	false	46.	false
22.	false	47.	false
23.	true	48.	false
24.	false	49.	true
25.	true	50.	true

57. exclamatory 58. declarative 59. interrogative 60. interrogative 61. exclamatory 62. declarative 63. interrogative		
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55. C 56. declarative 57. exclamatory 58. declarative 59. interrogative 60. interrogative 61. exclamatory 62. declarative 63. interrogative	53.	D
declarative exclamatory section declarative declarative interrogative interrogative exclamatory declarative declarative interrogative	54.	A
57. exclamatory 58. declarative 59. interrogative 60. interrogative 61. exclamatory 62. declarative 63. interrogative	55.	C
 declarative interrogative interrogative exclamatory declarative interrogative 	56.	declarative
 interrogative interrogative exclamatory declarative interrogative 	57.	exclamatory
 60. interrogative 61. exclamatory 62. declarative 63. interrogative 	58.	declarative
61. exclamatory 62. declarative 63. interrogative	59.	interrogative
62. declarative 63. interrogative	60.	interrogative
63. interrogative	61.	exclamatory
	62.	declarative
64. exclamatory	63.	interrogative
	64.	exclamatory

Name:

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В.

C.

D.

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A.

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C.

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C.

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В.

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D.

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10) Do camel crickets pose a serious threat to humans? (paragraph 3)

A.

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C. No, they do not pose any serious threats to humans.

D.

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12) "I love chirping all night long." (paragraph 4)

