

Let's dive into the fascinating world of wood storks, a truly unique creature! These spectacular birds are big, standing up to 3.5 feet high with a wingspan of up to 5.5 feet. Their bodies are covered in white feathers, but their heads and necks are bald, covered in a scaly, dark gray skin. And if you get a chance to see them in flight, you'll notice their black flight feathers which is a pretty cool contrast to their white bodies.

Now that you've pictured these magnificent creatures, let's discover where they live and what they eat. Wood storks are found in the southeastern United States, but they really love the wetlands of Florida, Georgia, and South



Carolina. They are expert fishermen who love to dine on small fish, and they have a unique fishing technique. They use their sensitive beaks to feel for fish in the murky water, and snap! They've got their dinner.

From their amazing fishing skills, let's move to their interesting life cycle and their relationship with other animals. Wood storks are quite social and like to live in large colonies with other birds. They build their nests in trees near water, often sharing their space with herons, egrets, and ibises. During breeding season, each pair of wood storks takes turns incubating their eggs, and then feeding and taking care of their chicks.



We've learned so much about wood storks, but let's not forget about their relationship with us humans and their unique defenses. While they might look a bit intimidating with their large size and bald heads, wood storks are generally peaceful creatures and pose no threat to humans. In fact, they are a protected species in many areas because their habitats are threatened by human activity. So next time when you see a wood stork, give it a friendly wave, and remember all the cool facts you've learned about them!



### Solve each problem.

### Use the article to answer the question.

1) Are wood storks a protected species?

A. No, there are too many of them B. No, they are not protected

C. No, they are considered pests D. Yes, in many areas

2) During the breeding season, who incubates the eggs of the wood stork?

A. Only the father stork

B. Neither, they leave them to hatch on

their own

C. Both parents take turns D. Only the mother stork

3) What do wood storks eat?

A. Plants

C. Fish

B. Other birds

D. Insects

4) What colors are the feathers on a wood stork's body?

A. Red and blue B. Green and yellow

C. White and black D. Brown and gray

5) Are wood storks dangerous to humans?

A. No, they are peaceful creatures

B. Yes, they carry dangerous diseases

C. Yes, they often attack humans D. Yes, they are very aggressive

**6)** Where can you find wood storks?

A. Northwestern United States B. Northeastern United States

C. Southeastern United States D. Southwestern United States

7) With which other birds do wood storks share their space?

A. Herons, egrets, and ibises B. Eagles, hawks, and owls

C. Doves, pigeons, and sparrows D. Parrots, toucans, and budgerigars

8) What is the texture of the skin on a wood stork's head and neck?

A. Feathery B. Scaly

C. Smooth D. Furry

**9)** What is the color of the feathers on a wood stork's body?

A. Brown

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**10**) Where do wood storks like to live?

A. Forests

B. Wetlands
C. Mountains

D. Deserts

**11**) What color are the flight feathers of a wood stork?

A. White B. Black

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# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 12) "I build my nest on the ground."
- 13) "Caring is in our nature. Once the eggs are laid, both parents share responsibility in taking care of the chicks."
- 14) "We are big birds, as tall as three and a half feet!"
- 15) "I might look a bit intimidating with my large size and bald head, but I'm pretty chill, not aggressive at all."
- 16) "During the breeding season, you will see me sharing responsibilities with my partner, we even take turns incubating our eggs."
- 17) "I have a glamorous head full of feathers."
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- **20**) "I just swoop down and grab fish out of the water."
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- 24) "My home's a bit swampy—I love living in the wetlands of Florida, Georgia, and South Carolina."
- 25) "Our black feathers make quite a sight against our white bodies, especially when we're soaring high up in the sky."
- **26**) "I prefer to live alone, not in large colonies."
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- 28) "We have no feathers on our heads or necks, it's just smooth, scaly, grey skin."
- **29**) "I'm very aggressive towards humans."
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### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 31) Wood storks often share their living space with herons, egrets, and ibises.
- **32)** Wood storks' black flight feathers make them look extra stylish.
- 33) Wood storks are usually found in the southeastern United States.
- **34)** Wood storks, with their bald heads, are the oddest-looking birds in the wetlands.
- 35) Wood storks can stand almost 4 feet high.
- **36)** Wood storks are not scary animals, despite their large size and bald heads.
- 37) Wood storks are a protected species because their habitats are threatened by human activity.
- 38) A wood stork's head and neck are not covered in feathers, but in a scaly, dark gray skin.
- **39)** It's not fair that wood storks have to share their nests with other birds.
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#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **41**) Wood storks share their space with other birds.
- **42)** Wood storks are one of the smallest birds in the world.
- **43**) Wood storks live in trees near water.
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#### Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- 51) They'll eat fish and other small creatures.
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  - A. is not

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- 54) It's a bird that's well known for its bald, dark head.
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# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

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	Wo	od Stork	Name:	
1.	26.	51.		
2.	 27.	52.		
3.	 28.	53.		
4.	 29.	54		
5.	 30.	55.		
6.	 31.	56.		
7.	 32.	57.		
8.	 33.	58		
9.	 34	59.		
10.	 35.	60.		
11.	 36.	61.		
12.	 37.			
13.	 38.			
14.	 39.			
15.	 40.			
16.	 41.			
17.	 42.			
18.	 43.			
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23.

24.

48.

50.



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Wood Stork **Answer Kev** Name:

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**Answer Key** 

Name:

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Dooding			1-10	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50
Reading	www.CommonCoreSheets.com	Page 3 of 4	11-20	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0

Wood Stork

Name: Answer Key

B

A

 $\mathbf{D}$ 

A

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

declarative

interrogative

declarative

declarative

interrogative

interrogative

1.	D	26.	false	51.
2.	<u>C</u>	27.	true	52.
3.	C	28.	true	53.
4.	C	29.	false	54.
5.	<b>A</b>	30.	false	55.
6.	C	31.	fact	56.
7.	A	32.	opinion	57.
8.	В	33.	fact	58.
9.	D	34.	opinion	59.
10.	В	35.	fact	60.
11.	В	36.	opinion	61.
12.	false	37.	fact	
13.	true	38.	fact	
14.	true	39.	opinion	
15.	true	40.	opinion	
16.	true	41.	true	
	false	•	false	
17.	false	42.	true	
18.	true	43.	false	
19.		44.		
20.	false	45.	false	
21.	false	46.	false	
22.	true	47.	false	
23.	false	48.	false	
24.	true	49.	true	
25.	true	50.	true	



## Solve each problem.

Use	the article to answer the question.							
1)	Are wood storks a protected species? (paragraph	4)						
	A. No, there are too many of them	B.	No, they are not protected					
	C.	D.	Yes, in many areas					
2) During the breeding season, who incubates the eggs of the wood stork? (parag								
•	A. Only the father stork		Neither, they leave them to hatch on their own					
	C. Both parents take turns	D.						
3)	What do wood storks eat? (paragraph 2)							
-,	A. Plants	B.	Other birds					
	C. Fish	D.						
4) What colors are the feathers on a wood stork's body? (paragraph 1)								
•)	A. Red and blue		Green and yellow					
	C. White and black	D.						
5)	And wood atomic denominate humans?	• •						
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	C.	D.	res, they early dangerous diseases					
<b>6</b> )	Where can you find wood storks? (paragraph 2)	ъ						
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	A.	B.	Scaly					
	C.	D.						
9)	) What is the color of the feathers on a wood stork's body? (paragraph 1)							
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	C.	D.	White					
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	C.	D.						
11)	What color are the flight feathers of a wood stork? (paragraph 1)							
,	A. White		Black					
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Wood Stork

Name:

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

12) "I build my nest on the ground." (paragraph 3)

