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We've learned so much about wood storks, but let's not forget about their relationship with us humans and their unique defenses. While they might look a bit intimidating with their large size and bald heads, wood storks are generally peaceful creatures and pose no threat to humans. In fact, they are a protected species in many areas because their habitats are threatened by human activity. So next time when you see a wood stork, give it a friendly wave, and remember all the cool facts you've learned about them!



B. No, there are too many of them

B. No, they are peaceful creatures

D. Yes, they are very aggressive

B. Northwestern United States

D. Yes, in many areas

Solv	e each problem.
Use	the article to answer the question.
1)	Are wood storks a protected speciesA. No, they are not protectedC. No, they are considered pests
2)	During the breeding season, who incA. Only the mother storkC. Both parents take turns
3)	What do wood storks eat? A. Other birds

- pests
- who incubates the eggs of the wood stork?
 - B. Only the father stork

species?

D. Neither, they leave them to hatch on their own

> **B.** Insects D. Plants

- C. Fish
- 4) What colors are the feathers on a wood stork's body?
 - A. Brown and gray B. White and black C. Red and blue D. Green and yellow
- 5) Are wood storks dangerous to humans?
 - A. Yes, they carry dangerous diseases
 - C. Yes, they often attack humans
- 6) Where can you find wood storks?
 - A. Southwestern United States
 - C. Northeastern United States D. Southeastern United States
- 7) With which other birds do wood storks share their space?
 - B. Doves, pigeons, and sparrows A. Herons, egrets, and ibises D. Eagles, hawks, and owls
 - C. Parrots, toucans, and budgerigars
- 8) What is the texture of the skin on a wood stork's head and neck?
 - A. Scaly B. Feathery
 - C. Smooth D. Furry
- 9) What is the color of the feathers on a wood stork's body?
 - A. Brown B. Black
 - C. White D. Gray
- **10**) Where do wood storks like to live?
 - A. Mountains B. Wetlands
 - C. Forests D. Deserts
- 11) What color are the flight feathers of a wood stork?
 - A. Brown B. Grey
 - C. White D. Black



Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 12) "I build my nest on the ground."
- **13**) "Caring is in our nature. Once the eggs are laid, both parents share responsibility in taking care of the chicks."
- 14) "We are big birds, as tall as three and a half feet!"
- **15)** "I might look a bit intimidating with my large size and bald head, but I'm pretty chill, not aggressive at all."
- **16)** "During the breeding season, you will see me sharing responsibilities with my partner, we even take turns incubating our eggs."
- 17) "I have a glamorous head full of feathers."
- 18) "I let my partner do all the work in taking care of our chicks."
- 19) "We share space with herons, egrets, and ibises in colonies."
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- 22) "I am pretty social and enjoy living in a large neighborhood of fellow birds."
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- 24) "My home's a bit swampy—I love living in the wetlands of Florida, Georgia, and South Carolina."
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- 26) "I prefer to live alone, not in large colonies."
- 27) "Our keen beaks help us feel the fish before getting it in our beak quickly."
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- **29**) "I'm very aggressive towards humans."
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Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **31)** Wood storks often share their living space with herons, egrets, and ibises.
- **32)** Wood storks' black flight feathers make them look extra stylish.
- **33)** Wood storks are usually found in the southeastern United States.
- **34)** Wood storks, with their bald heads, are the oddest-looking birds in the wetlands.
- **35)** Wood storks can stand almost 4 feet high.
- **36)** Wood storks are not scary animals, despite their large size and bald heads.
- Wood storks are a protected species because their habitats are threatened by human activity.
- **38)** A wood stork's head and neck are not covered in feathers, but in a scaly, dark gray skin.
- **39**) It's not fair that wood storks have to share their nests with other birds.
- **40**) It's amazing how wood storks take turns incubating their eggs and feeding their chicks.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 41) Wood storks share their space with other birds.
- 42) Wood storks are one of the smallest birds in the world.
- **43**) Wood storks live in trees near water.
- 44) Wood storks heads and necks are covered in gray or brown fur.
- **45)** Wood storks are carnivores who love to eat small fish.
- **46**) Wood storks prefer to live alone.
- **47)** Wood storks are aggressive and attack without warning.
- **48)** Only the female wood stork takes care of her chicks.
- **49)** Wood storks are a protected species in many areas.
- **50)** Wood storks are found in the southeastern United States.

Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- **51**) <u>They'll</u> eat fish and other small creatures.
 - A. They areB. They willC. They haveD. They do
- **52**) <u>I'd</u> say their nest are quite large.
 - A. I wouldB. I haveC. I doD. I am
- 53) Wood storks <u>aren't</u> found everywhere in the world.
 - A. is notB. have notC. do notD. are not
- **54)** <u>It's</u> a bird that's well known for its bald, dark head.
 - A. It isB. It hasC. It doesD. It will
- **55**) <u>They've</u> a wingspan of up to 5 feet.
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Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **56)** Wood storks primarily eat small fish and amphibians.
- 57) How many eggs does a wood stork lay?
- **58)** Wood storks have a bald head and a long, thick bill.
- **59)** Wood storks have a wingspan of about 6 feet.
- **60)** Why is the wood stork's beak so long?
- **61**) What does a wood stork eat?

			Wood Stork			Name:	
1.		26		51.		_	
2.		27		52.		-	
3.		28		53.		-	
4.		29		54.		-	
5.		30		55.		-	
6.		31.		56.		-	
7.		32.		57.		-	
8.		33.		58.		-	
9.		34		59.		-	
10.		35.		60.		-	
11.		36		61.		-	
12.		37.					
13.		38					
14.		39					
15.		40					
16.		41					
17.		42.					
18.		43.					
19.		44					
20.		45.					
21.		46					
22.		47					
23.		48					
24.		49					
25.		50					
	Reading	www.CommonCo	reSheets.com	Page 5	5 of 5		

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Solve each problem.

2010	e each problem.		
	the article to answer the question.		
1)	Are wood storks a protected species?		
	A. No, they are not protected	В.	No, there are too many of them
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2)	During the breeding season, who incubates th	he eg	ggs of the wood stork?
	A. Only the mother stork	B.	Only the father stork
	C. Both parents take turns	D.	Neither, they leave them to hatch on their own
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	A. Other birds	B.	Insects
	C. Fish	D.	Plants
4)	What colors are the feathers on a wood stork	's bo	odv?
,	A. Brown and gray		White and black
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3)	A. Yes, they carry dangerous diseases	R	No, they are peaceful creatures
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	A. Southwestern United States	В.	Northwestern United States
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9)	What is the color of the feathers on a wood s A. Brown		Black
	C. White		
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10)	Where do wood storks like to live?		
	A. Mountains	В.	Wetlands
	C. Forests	D.	Deserts
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			Wood Stork			Name:	Answer Key
1.	D	26.	false	51.	В		
2.	C	27	true	52.	Α	_	
3.	C	28.	true	53.	D	_	
4.	<u> </u>	29.	false	54.	Α	_	
5.	B	30.	false	55.	С	_	
6.	D	31.	fact	56.	declarative		
7.	A	32.	opinion	57.	interrogative		
8.	A	33.	fact	58.	declarative		
9.	C	34	opinion	59.	declarative	_	
10.	B	35	fact	60.	interrogative	_	
11.	D	36	opinion	61.	interrogative	_	
12.	false	37	fact				
13.	true	38	fact				
14.	true	39.	opinion				
15.	true	40.	opinion				
16.	true	41.	true				
17.	false	42.	false				
18.	false	43.	true				
19.	true	44.	false				
20.	false	45	true				
21.	false	46.	false				
22.	true	47	false				
23.	false	48.	false				
24.	true	49.	true				
25.	true	50.	true				
		www.Common	CoreSheets.com	Page 4	4 of 4		



Wood Stork

Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.							
1)	Are wood storks a protected species? (paragraph						
	А.		No, there are too many of them				
	С.	D.	Yes, in many areas				
2)	During the breeding season, who incubates th	le es	2 gs of the wood stork? (paragraph 3)				
,	A. Only the mother stork	-	Only the father stork				
	C. Both parents take turns	D.	2				
-	-						
3)	What do wood storks eat? (paragraph 2)	ъ					
	A. Other birds	B.					
	C. Fish	D.					
4)	What colors are the feathers on a wood stork'	s bo	dy? (paragraph 1)				
,	A. Brown and gray	B.	White and black				
	С.	D.					
-							
5)	Are wood storks dangerous to humans? (paragra						
	A.		No, they are peaceful creatures				
	С.	D.					
6)	Where can you find wood storks? (paragraph 2)						
	A. Southwestern United States	В.	Northwestern United States				
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7)	With which other birds do wood storks share A. Herons, egrets, and ibises		Doves, pigeons, and sparrows				
	C.	D.	Doves, pigeons, and sparrows				
	С.	D.					
8)	What is the texture of the skin on a wood stor	k's l	head and neck? (paragraph 1)				
	A. Scaly	В.					
	С.	D.					
9)	What is the color of the feathers on a wood st	ork'	$s bodv^{2}$ (paragraph 1)				
-)	A. Brown	B.	s cody · (paugraph)				
	C. White	D.					
10)	Where do wood storks like to live? (paragraph 2)	_					
	A. Mountains		Wetlands				
	С.	D.					
11)	What color are the flight feathers of a wood s	tork	C? (paragraph 1)				
_,	A. Brown	В.					
	С.	D.	Black				

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



12) "I build my nest on the ground." (paragraph 3)

