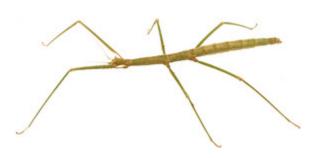
Imagine a creature that looks like a twig, but surprise, it's an insect! This fascinating creature, known as a walking stick, is so good at camouflage, it can easily trick you into thinking it's just a twig hanging from a tree. They have long, slender bodies and legs, with colors ranging from green to brown, perfectly blending with their surroundings. These curious critters are one of the most unique members of the insect world, and they're just waiting to amaze you with their cool tricks!



Speaking of tricks, let's explore some of their survival strategies. Walking sticks are herbivores, which means they munch on leaves, especially the yummy ones from oak and hazelnut trees. When a predator approaches, they play dead or drop from the trees to escape, and if that doesn't work, some can even squirt a smelly spray to scare the predator away! It's a bug-eat-bug world out there, and these guys are fully equipped for it.

From being a master of disguise to having a unique diet, walking sticks sure are interesting, but let's take a peek into their life cycle. The female lays her eggs by dropping them to the ground where they hide among the leaf litter until they hatch. Once they hatch, the baby walking sticks, called nymphs, will grow into adults, shedding their skin as they get bigger. The whole process is a fascinating cycle of growth and transformation.



Now that we know all about their lives, let's see how these little critters interact with us humans and other animals. While they do not have a direct impact on humans, their primary defense mechanism can be irritating if the liquid gets in our eyes. As for other animals, birds, reptiles, and small mammals might see them as a tasty snack, although their camouflage and defenses often keep them safe. These twig-like insects are not just unique in appearance, but they also hold a special place in the web of life, teaching us about the wonders of adaptation and survival.



Walking Sticks

|      |                                                                                                                                                                            | 50101 |                                                                               |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Solv | e each problem.                                                                                                                                                            |       |                                                                               |
|      | <ul><li>the article to answer the question.</li><li>What do walking sticks eat?</li><li>A. Leaves from oak and hazelnut trees.</li></ul>                                   |       | Human blood and skin flakes.                                                  |
| 2)   | <ul><li>C. Honey and flower nectar.</li><li>What color can walking sticks be?</li></ul>                                                                                    |       | Small insects and bugs.                                                       |
|      | <ul><li>A. Red and blue</li><li>C. Black and white</li></ul>                                                                                                               |       | Yellow and purple<br>Green to brown                                           |
| 3)   | <ul><li>What are baby walking sticks called?</li><li>A. Nymphs.</li><li>C. Larvae.</li></ul>                                                                               |       | Infants.<br>Pupae.                                                            |
| 4)   | <ul><li>Are walking stick insects harmful to humans</li><li>A. Only if their defense liquid gets in our eyes</li><li>C. Yes, their bite can cause serious injury</li></ul> | В.    | Yes, they are extremely poisonous<br>No, they are completely harmless         |
| 5)   | How do female walking sticks lay their eggs<br>A. By dropping them to the ground<br>C. By burying them deep in the soil                                                    | B.    | By hiding them in a leafy cocoon<br>By laying them in a nest in the trees     |
| 6)   | <ul><li>How can walking sticks escape from predato</li><li>A. They play dead.</li><li>C. They change their color.</li></ul>                                                | B.    | They run very fast.<br>They fly away.                                         |
| 7)   | <ul><li>What kind of creatures could see walking stic</li><li>A. Large mammals and birds.</li><li>C. Monkeys and big cats.</li></ul>                                       | B.    | as a tasty snack?<br>Elephants and giraffes.<br>Birds and reptiles.           |
| 8)   | <ul><li>Where do walking sticks live?</li><li>A. In the desert</li><li>C. Underground in burrows</li></ul>                                                                 |       | In trees<br>In the ocean                                                      |
| 9)   | <ul><li>What can walking sticks do to scare predator</li><li>A. Squirt a smelly spray</li><li>C. Flash their bright underbelly</li></ul>                                   | B.    | ay?<br>Puff up their body to 4 times its size<br>Make a loud screeching noise |
| 10)  | <ul><li>What type of diet do walking stick insects ha</li><li>A. Seed-eaters, munching on a variety of seeds</li></ul>                                                     |       | Herbivores, eating leaves from oak and hazelnut trees                         |
|      | C. Fruit-eaters, feeding on berries and other fruits                                                                                                                       | D.    | Carnivores, hunting for smaller insects                                       |

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

|             | Walking Sticks                                                                             | Name:                   |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 11)         | "If I see a predator I might squirt out a smelly spray to scare them a                     | way!"                   |
| 12)         | "My body is super skinny, in fact, I look like a stick!"                                   |                         |
| 13)         | "I can match my color with greens to browns to stay hidden from th                         | reats."                 |
| 14)         | "I have a carnivorous diet, I love eating insects."                                        |                         |
| 15)         | "My defense spray can be irritating if it gets in your eyes."                              |                         |
| <b>16</b> ) | "The way I lay eggs is by carefully placing them one by one."                              |                         |
| 17)         | "I don't have any defenses against predators."                                             |                         |
| 18)         | "When a danger comes near, sometimes I will play dead or drop do                           | wn from trees to hide." |
| <b>19</b> ) | "Did you know my body is super skinny? My shape helps me easily leaves."                   | v hide among twigs and  |
| 20)         | "Birds, reptiles, and small mammals might try to eat me, but my car<br>help me stay safe." | nouflage and defenses   |
| 21)         | "I attract a lot of attention from predators due to my vibrant colors."                    | ,                       |
| 22)         | "As I grow and get larger, I will shed my skin."                                           |                         |
| 23)         | "My spray does not affect humans."                                                         |                         |
| 24)         | "My mom drops my egg on the ground, where it stays hidden amon                             | g the leaves."          |
| 25)         | "I lay my eggs in nests on trees."                                                         |                         |
| 26)         | "The only way I can defend myself is by playing dead."                                     |                         |
| 27)         | "I love to eat leaves. My favorite leaf comes from the oak tree."                          |                         |
| Dete        | termine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the informat                        | ion in the article.     |
| 28)         | When a female walking stick lays her eggs, she drops them to the g                         | round.                  |
| 29)         | Seeing a walking stick in the wild is an exciting moment because of camouflage.            | f their excellent       |
| 30)         | Walking sticks can use a smelly spray to scare predators away.                             |                         |
| 31)         | Walking sticks are the most gross insects because they squirt out a sthreatened.           | smelly liquid when      |
| 32)         | Walking sticks are insects that have a body and legs that are long an                      | nd thin.                |
| 33)         | Walking sticks are not interesting because they are just bugs.                             |                         |
| 34)         | Baby walking sticks, known as nymphs, shed their skin as they grow                         | w bigger.               |
| 35)         | Walking sticks eat leaves, especially from oak and hazelnut trees.                         |                         |
| 36)         | The way walking sticks mimic twigs to hide from predators is amaz                          | ing                     |

- **36)** The way walking sticks mimic twigs to hide from predators is amazing.
- 37) The ability of walking sticks to squirt a smelly spray when threatened is a cool defense mechanism.

### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **38)** Reptiles see walking sticks as a tasty snack.
- **39)** Walking sticks are all brown to blend in with tree twigs.
- 40) Walking sticks prefer munching on leaves from oak and hazelnut trees.
- **41**) Walking sticks are carnivores.

|             |                          | Walking Sticks                             | Name:       |  |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| 42)         | Baby walking sticks are  |                                            |             |  |
| 43)         | Female walking sticks l  | ay their eggs on tree leaves.              |             |  |
| <b>4</b> 4) | Baby walking sticks spi  | n a cocoon after only a year of life.      |             |  |
| 45)         | Walking sticks do not h  | ave any defenses.                          |             |  |
| <b>46</b> ) | Walking sticks may dro   | p from trees to escape from predators.     |             |  |
| 47)         | <b>č</b>                 | melly spray to scare predators away.       |             |  |
| Dete        | ermine which choice is t | he expanded form of the underlined c       | ontraction. |  |
| <b>48</b> ) | Walking sticks don't cau | -                                          |             |  |
| ,           | A. does not              | B. do not                                  |             |  |
|             | C. did not               | D. will not                                |             |  |
| <b>49</b> ) | They've been found livin | ng in forests and grasslands.              |             |  |
| ,           | A. They have             | B. They were                               |             |  |
|             | C. They had              | D. They will                               |             |  |
| <b>50</b> ) | Walking sticks can't cha | nge their size, but they can change colo   | rs.         |  |
|             | A. can                   | B. will                                    |             |  |
|             | C. won't                 | D. cannot                                  |             |  |
| 51)         | It's amazing how walkin  | g sticks can grow their legs back if they  | lose them.  |  |
|             | A. It is                 | B. It was                                  |             |  |
|             | C. It am                 | D. It has                                  |             |  |
| 52)         | They're found in warm of | climates like tropical and subtropical reg | ions.       |  |
|             | A. They am               | B. They is                                 |             |  |
|             | C. They are              | D. They were                               |             |  |

### imperative(m).

- 53) Their life cycle includes eggs, nymphs, and adults.
- 54) Some walking sticks live in trees their whole lives, that's amazing!
- 55) Some walking sticks have wings, while others do not.

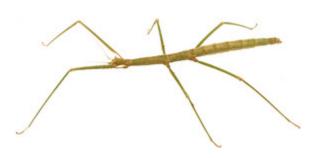
#### 56) Can walking sticks fly?

- 57) Do walking sticks eat leaves?
- 58) Walking sticks can play dead to fool predators, what an amazing trick!
- **59**) Some walking sticks can squirt a smelly liquid to deter predators.
- **60**) Can walking sticks change colors?
- 61) It's astonishing that a walking stick can grow as long as two feet!

Reading

|              |         | Walking Stick     | S         |     | Name: |  |
|--------------|---------|-------------------|-----------|-----|-------|--|
| 1.           | 26.     |                   | 51.       |     | -     |  |
| 2.           | 27.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 3.           | 28.     |                   | 53.       |     | -     |  |
| 4.           | 29.     |                   | 54        |     | -     |  |
| 5            | 30.     |                   | 55.       |     | -     |  |
| 6            | 31.     |                   | 56.       |     | -     |  |
| 7.           | 32.     |                   | 57.       |     | -     |  |
| 8.           | 33.     |                   | 58.       |     | -     |  |
| 9            | 34.     |                   | 59.       |     | -     |  |
| 10.          | 35.     |                   | 60.       |     | -     |  |
| 11           | 36.     |                   | 61.       |     | -     |  |
| 12.          | 37.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 13.          | 38.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 14.          | 39.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 15.          | 40.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 16. <u>-</u> | 41.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 17.          | 42.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 18.          | 43.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 19.          |         |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 20.          | 45.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 21.          | 46.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 22           | 47.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 23.          | 48.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 24.          | 49.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
| 25.          | 50.     |                   |           |     |       |  |
|              | www.Com | nonCoreSheets.com | Page 5 of | t 5 |       |  |

Imagine a creature that looks like a twig, but surprise, it's an insect! This fascinating creature, known as a walking stick, is so good at camouflage, it can easily trick you into thinking it's just a twig hanging from a tree. They have long, slender bodies and legs, with colors ranging from green to brown, perfectly blending with their surroundings. These curious critters are one of the most unique members of the insect world, and they're just waiting to amaze you with their cool tricks!



Speaking of tricks, let's explore some of their survival strategies. Walking sticks are herbivores, which means they munch on leaves, especially the yummy ones from oak and hazelnut trees. When a predator approaches, they play dead or drop from the trees to escape, and if that doesn't work, some can even squirt a smelly spray to scare the predator away! It's a bug-eat-bug world out there, and these guys are fully equipped for it.

From being a master of disguise to having a unique diet, walking sticks sure are interesting, but let's take a peek into their life cycle. The female lays her eggs by dropping them to the ground where they hide among the leaf litter until they hatch. Once they hatch, the baby walking sticks, called nymphs, will grow into adults, shedding their skin as they get bigger. The whole process is a fascinating cycle of growth and transformation.



Now that we know all about their lives, let's see how these little critters interact with us humans and other animals. While they do not have a direct impact on humans, their primary defense mechanism can be irritating if the liquid gets in our eyes. As for other animals, birds, reptiles, and small mammals might see them as a tasty snack, although their camouflage and defenses often keep them safe. These twig-like insects are not just unique in appearance, but they also hold a special place in the web of life, teaching us about the wonders of adaptation and survival.



Walking Sticks

Name: Answer Key

| Solv | e each problem.                                                                                                                                                             |    |                                                                               |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|      | the article to answer the question.<br>What do walking sticks eat?                                                                                                          |    |                                                                               |
|      | <ul><li>A. Leaves from oak and hazelnut trees.</li><li>C. Honey and flower nectar.</li></ul>                                                                                |    | Human blood and skin flakes.<br>Small insects and bugs.                       |
| 2)   | <ul><li>What color can walking sticks be?</li><li>A. Red and blue</li><li>C. Black and white</li></ul>                                                                      |    | Yellow and purple<br>Green to brown                                           |
| 3)   | <ul><li>What are baby walking sticks called?</li><li>A. Nymphs.</li><li>C. Larvae.</li></ul>                                                                                |    | Infants.<br>Pupae.                                                            |
| 4)   | <ul><li>Are walking stick insects harmful to humans?</li><li>A. Only if their defense liquid gets in our eyes</li><li>C. Yes, their bite can cause serious injury</li></ul> | B. | Yes, they are extremely poisonous<br>No, they are completely harmless         |
| 5)   | <ul><li>How do female walking sticks lay their eggs?</li><li>A. By dropping them to the ground</li><li>C. By burying them deep in the soil</li></ul>                        | B. | By hiding them in a leafy cocoon<br>By laying them in a nest in the trees     |
| 6)   | <ul><li>How can walking sticks escape from predator</li><li>A. They play dead.</li><li>C. They change their color.</li></ul>                                                | B. | They run very fast.<br>They fly away.                                         |
| 7)   | <ul><li>What kind of creatures could see walking stic</li><li>A. Large mammals and birds.</li><li>C. Monkeys and big cats.</li></ul>                                        | В. | as a tasty snack?<br>Elephants and giraffes.<br>Birds and reptiles.           |
| 8)   | <ul><li>Where do walking sticks live?</li><li>A. In the desert</li><li>C. Underground in burrows</li></ul>                                                                  |    | In trees<br>In the ocean                                                      |
| 9)   | <ul><li>What can walking sticks do to scare predators</li><li>A. Squirt a smelly spray</li><li>C. Flash their bright underbelly</li></ul>                                   | B. | ay?<br>Puff up their body to 4 times its size<br>Make a loud screeching noise |
| 10)  | <ul><li>What type of diet do walking stick insects have</li><li>A. Seed-eaters, munching on a variety of seeds</li></ul>                                                    | B. | Herbivores, eating leaves from oak<br>and hazelnut trees                      |
|      | C. Fruit-eaters, feeding on berries and other fruits                                                                                                                        | D. | Carnivores, hunting for smaller insects                                       |

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

|             | Walking Sticks                                                                                   | Name:      | Answer Key |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 11)         | "If I see a predator I might squirt out a smelly spray to scare them away!"                      |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12)         | "My body is super skinny, in fact, I look like a stick!"                                         |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13)         | "I can match my color with greens to browns to stay hidden from threats."                        |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14)         | "I have a carnivorous diet, I love eating insects."                                              |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15)         | "My defense spray can be irritating if it gets in your eyes."                                    |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>16</b> ) | "The way I lay eggs is by carefully placing them one by one."                                    |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17)         | "I don't have any defenses against predators."                                                   |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>18</b> ) | "When a danger comes near, sometimes I will play dead or drop down from tr                       | ees to hic | le."       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>19</b> ) | "Did you know my body is super skinny? My shape helps me easily hide amou<br>leaves."            | ng twigs   | and        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20)         | "Birds, reptiles, and small mammals might try to eat me, but my camouflage a help me stay safe." | nd defen   | ses        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21)         | "I attract a lot of attention from predators due to my vibrant colors."                          |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22)         | "As I grow and get larger, I will shed my skin."                                                 |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23)         | "My spray does not affect humans."                                                               |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24)         | "My mom drops my egg on the ground, where it stays hidden among the leave                        | es."       |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25)         | "I lay my eggs in nests on trees."                                                               |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26)         | "The only way I can defend myself is by playing dead."                                           |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27)         | "I love to eat leaves. My favorite leaf comes from the oak tree."                                |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dete        | ermine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the                     | article.   |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28)         | When a female walking stick lays her eggs, she drops them to the ground.                         |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29)         | Seeing a walking stick in the wild is an exciting moment because of their exce<br>camouflage.    | ellent     |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- **30)** Walking sticks can use a smelly spray to scare predators away.
- **31**) Walking sticks are the most gross insects because they squirt out a smelly liquid when threatened.
- 32) Walking sticks are insects that have a body and legs that are long and thin.
- **33)** Walking sticks are not interesting because they are just bugs.
- 34) Baby walking sticks, known as nymphs, shed their skin as they grow bigger.
- **35)** Walking sticks eat leaves, especially from oak and hazelnut trees.
- **36)** The way walking sticks mimic twigs to hide from predators is amazing.
- 37) The ability of walking sticks to squirt a smelly spray when threatened is a cool defense mechanism.

# Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **38)** Reptiles see walking sticks as a tasty snack.
- **39)** Walking sticks are all brown to blend in with tree twigs.
- **40)** Walking sticks prefer munching on leaves from oak and hazelnut trees.
- **41**) Walking sticks are carnivores.

|                                                                                    | Walking                                            | g Sticks                          | Name: | Answer Key |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|------------|--|--|--|
| 42)                                                                                | Baby walking sticks are called nymphs.             |                                   |       |            |  |  |  |
| 43)                                                                                | Female walking sticks lay their eggs on tre        | ee leaves.                        |       |            |  |  |  |
| 44)                                                                                | Baby walking sticks spin a cocoon after or         | nly a year of life.               |       |            |  |  |  |
| 45)                                                                                | Walking sticks do not have any defenses.           |                                   |       |            |  |  |  |
| <b>46</b> )                                                                        | Walking sticks may drop from trees to esc          | cape from predators.              |       |            |  |  |  |
| 47)                                                                                | Walking sticks have a smelly spray to scar         | re predators away.                |       |            |  |  |  |
| Det                                                                                | ermine which choice is the expanded forn           | n of the underlined contraction   | 1.    |            |  |  |  |
| <b>48</b> )                                                                        | Walking sticks <u>don't</u> cause any harm to hun  |                                   |       |            |  |  |  |
|                                                                                    | A. does not                                        | B. do not                         |       |            |  |  |  |
|                                                                                    | C. did not                                         | D. will not                       |       |            |  |  |  |
| <b>49</b> )                                                                        | They've been found living in forests and gr        | rasslands.                        |       |            |  |  |  |
|                                                                                    | A. They have                                       | B. They were                      |       |            |  |  |  |
|                                                                                    | C. They had                                        | D. They will                      |       |            |  |  |  |
| 50)                                                                                | Walking sticks <u>can't</u> change their size, but | they can change colors.           |       |            |  |  |  |
|                                                                                    | A. can                                             | B. will                           |       |            |  |  |  |
|                                                                                    | C. won't                                           | D. cannot                         |       |            |  |  |  |
| 51)                                                                                | It's amazing how walking sticks can grow           | their legs back if they lose them |       |            |  |  |  |
|                                                                                    | A. It is                                           | B. It was                         |       |            |  |  |  |
|                                                                                    | C. It am                                           | D. It has                         |       |            |  |  |  |
| 52)                                                                                | They're found in warm climates like tropic         | al and subtropical regions.       |       |            |  |  |  |
|                                                                                    | A. They am                                         | B. They is                        |       |            |  |  |  |
|                                                                                    | C. They are                                        | D. They were                      |       |            |  |  |  |
| D (                                                                                |                                                    |                                   | (•)   |            |  |  |  |
| Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or |                                                    |                                   |       |            |  |  |  |

#### imperative(m).

- ) Their life cycle includes eggs, nymphs, and adults.
- 54) Some walking sticks live in trees their whole lives, that's amazing!
- 55) Some walking sticks have wings, while others do not.

# **56)** Can walking sticks fly?

- ) Do walking sticks eat leaves?
- 58) Walking sticks can play dead to fool predators, what an amazing trick!
- **59)** Some walking sticks can squirt a smelly liquid to deter predators.
- **60)** Can walking sticks change colors?
- **61)** It's astonishing that a walking stick can grow as long as two feet!

|     |       |            | Walking Sticl  | ζS     |               | Name: | Answer Key |
|-----|-------|------------|----------------|--------|---------------|-------|------------|
| 1.  | Α     | 26.        | false          | 51.    | Α             |       |            |
| 2.  | D     | 27.        | true           | 52.    | С             |       |            |
| 3.  | A     | 28.        | fact           | 53.    | declarative   | _     |            |
| 4.  | A     | 29.        | opinion        | 54.    | exclamatory   | _     |            |
| 5.  | A     | 30.        | fact           | 55.    | declarative   | _     |            |
| 6.  | A     | 31         | opinion        | 56.    | interrogative | _     |            |
| 7.  | D     | 32.        | fact           | 57.    | interrogative |       |            |
| 8.  | В     | 33.        | opinion        | 58.    | exclamatory   |       |            |
| 9.  | A     | 34         | fact           | 59.    | declarative   | _     |            |
| 10. | B     | 35         | fact           | 60.    | interrogative | _     |            |
| 11. | true  | 36         | opinion        | 61.    | exclamatory   | _     |            |
| 12. | true  | 37         | opinion        |        |               |       |            |
| 13. | true  | 38         | true           |        |               |       |            |
| 14. | false | 39         | false          |        |               |       |            |
| 15. | true  | 40         | true           |        |               |       |            |
| 16. | false | 41         | false          |        |               |       |            |
| 17. | false | 42         | true           |        |               |       |            |
| 18. | true  | 43         | false          |        |               |       |            |
| 19. | true  | 44         | false          |        |               |       |            |
| 20. | true  | 45         | false          |        |               |       |            |
| 21. | false | 46         | true           |        |               |       |            |
| 22. | true  | 47         | true           |        |               |       |            |
| 23. | false | 48.        | В              |        |               |       |            |
| 24. | true  | 49.        | A              |        |               |       |            |
| 25. | false | 50         | D              |        |               |       |            |
|     |       | www.Commor | CoreSheets.com | Page 4 | 4 of 4        |       |            |

|     | Walking S                                                                           | Sticks                                                                     | Name:       |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|     | Solve each problem.                                                                 |                                                                            |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Use the article to answer the question.                                             |                                                                            |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1)  | What do walking sticks eat? (paragraph 2)<br>A. Leaves from oak and hazelnut trees. | В.                                                                         |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | C.                                                                                  | D.                                                                         |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                                                     |                                                                            |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2)  | What color can walking sticks be? (paragraph 1)<br>A. Red and blue                  | В.                                                                         |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | C.                                                                                  | D. Green to brown                                                          |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                                                     |                                                                            |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3)  | What are baby walking sticks called? (paragraph                                     |                                                                            |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | A. Nymphs.<br>C.                                                                    | B.<br>D.                                                                   |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                                                     |                                                                            |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4)  | Are walking stick insects harmful to humans                                         |                                                                            |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | A. Only if their defense liquid gets in our eyes                                    | B. Yes, they are extremely po                                              | isonous     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | C.                                                                                  | D.                                                                         |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| -   |                                                                                     |                                                                            |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5)  | How do female walking sticks lay their eggs<br>A. By dropping them to the ground    | (paragraph 3)<br>B. By hiding them in a leafy of                           | 202008      |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | C.                                                                                  | D. Dy moning them in a leavy C                                             | .000011     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                                                     |                                                                            |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6)  | How can walking sticks escape from predator                                         |                                                                            |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | <ul><li>A. They play dead.</li><li>C.</li></ul>                                     | <ul><li>B. They run very fast.</li><li>D.</li></ul>                        |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                                                     | D.                                                                         |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7)  | What kind of creatures could see walking stic                                       | -                                                                          |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | <ul><li>A. Large mammals and birds.</li><li>C.</li></ul>                            | <ul><li>B. Elephants and giraffes.</li><li>D. Birds and raptiles</li></ul> |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | С.                                                                                  | D. Birds and reptiles.                                                     |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8)  | Where do walking sticks live? (paragraph 1)                                         | D. I.                                                                      |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | A.                                                                                  | B. In trees                                                                |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | C.                                                                                  | D.                                                                         |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9)  | What can walking sticks do to scare predator                                        | •                                                                          |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | A. Squirt a smelly spray                                                            | B. Puff up their body to 4 tim                                             | es its size |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | С.                                                                                  | D.                                                                         |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10) | What type of diet do walking stick insects ha                                       |                                                                            |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | A. Seed-eaters, munching on a variety of                                            | B. Herbivores, eating leaves f                                             | from oak    |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | seeds                                                                               | and hazelnut trees                                                         |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | С.                                                                                  | D.                                                                         |             |  |  |  |  |  |

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



- 11) "If I see a predator I might squirt out a smelly spray to scare them away!" (paragraph 2)
- 12) "My body is super skinny, in fact, I look like a stick!" (paragraph 1)