Name:

Let's jump right in and meet an amazing little creature, the tree frog! These small, often brightly colored amphibians are quite a sight to behold. They have sticky pads on their toes which help them to climb trees and other surfaces. Some of them can even change colors to blend in with their surroundings, isn't that cool?

Speaking of surroundings, tree frogs can be found all over the world, from the jungles of Central and South America to the forests of Asia and Australia. They love damp, humid places where they can easily find food. Being carnivorous, they munch on insects, spiders, and sometimes even small invertebrates. In fact, they're great pals to us humans because they help control the insect population!



From being insect munchers, let's hop over to their life cycle. Tree frogs undergo a process called metamorphosis which starts from an egg, then a tadpole, and eventually transforms into a fully grown frog. During this process, they undergo incredible changes in their body, like developing lungs to breathe air and legs to hop around. Unlike some other animals, tree frogs spend their entire life cycle in or near their home trees.



Now, you might be wondering how tree frogs keep themselves safe in the wild, right? Well, they have quite a few tricks up their sleeve! Some tree frogs secrete a toxic substance from their skin as a defense mechanism against predators. So, while they might look cute and harmless, tree frogs are hardy little survivors in the wild, each one leaping and thriving in its own unique way.



Tree Frog

Solv	e each problem.		
	the article to answer the question.Where can tree frogs be found?A. All over the worldC. Only on islands	B. Only in AfricaD. Only in the desert	
2)	What do tree frogs eat?A. Grass, seeds, and dirtC. Insects, spiders, and small invertebrates	B. Leaves, fruits, and nutsD. Birds, lemurs, and mice	
3)	How do some tree frogs keep themselves safe A. They make a high pitched croak C. They play dead	fe in the wild?B. They secrete a toxic substanceD. They pretend to be a leaf	
4)	Can all tree frogs change colors?A. Only the males canC. None of them can	B. All of them canD. Some of them can	
5)	What helps tree frogs to climb trees and otherA. They have sharp claws on each toeC. Their toes have tiny sharp hairs	er surfaces? B. Sticky pads on their toes D. They have a strong grip	
6)	What is the process called when a tree frog traA. MutationC. Metastasis	ransforms from an egg to a fully grown frog? B. Metamorphosis D. Metabolism	
7)	What type of diet do tree frogs follow?A. FrugivorousC. Carnivorous	B. HerbivorousD. Omnivorous	
8)	Why are tree frogs considered helpful to humA. They make good petsC. They sing melodious songs	nans? B. They help spread seeds D. They help control the insect population	
9)	Are tree frogs strong swimmers?A. Yes, tree frogs are great swimmersC. No, they can't swim at all	B. They prefer not to swimD. Some can swim, some can't	
10)	What type of places do tree frogs love?A. Cold, icy placesC. Open, windy places	B. Dry, hot placesD. Damp, humid places	

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

"Our skin contains unique chemicals that are not only colorful but also helps us to stay 11) safe from predators by tasting or smelling bad."

1-10										
11-20	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0

	Tree Frog Name:						
12)	"You wouldn't believe how sticky my toes are, they help me cling onto slippery surfaces!"						
13)	"My colorful skin helps me blend in with my surroundings, it's like having a built-in camouflage!"						
14)	"I'm a strict vegetarian. Bugs? No, thank you!"						
15)	"You'll always find me in damp, humid places with lots of insects, they are my favorite food source!"						
16)	"I like to eat fruits and vegetables."						
17)	"I'm a carnivore, which means my diet consists mostly of insects, spiders, and sometimes even other small creatures!"						
18)	"Metamorphosis, what's that? We are born as fully grown frogs."						
19)	"We prefer to live in dry, desert places because we can find the best food there."						
20)	"I don't have any defense mechanism. If a threat comes, I just hope for the best."						
Dete	ermine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.						
21)	Some tree frogs produce a toxic substance from their skin as a defense mechanism.						
22)	The way tree frogs secrete a toxic substance from their skin as a defense is very scary.						
23)	Tree frogs eat insects, spiders, and sometimes small invertebrates.						
24)	Tree frogs are the cutest creatures with their tiny bodies and big eyes.						
25)	Tree frogs are found in various parts across the world, like Asia and Australia.						
26)	Tree frogs are amazing because they have the ability to climb up trees unlike many other frogs.						
27)	Tree frogs have toes that have sticky pads which help them to climb trees and other surfaces.						
28)	Tree frogs prefer living in moist and humid places.						
29)	It's interesting that some tree frogs can live in such different habitats, from the jungles to the forests.						
30)	Watching a tree frog catch and eat an insect is really cool.						
Dete	ermine if the statement is true or false.						
31)	Tree frogs are carnivorous.						
32)	Tree frogs like to spend their time in dry habitats.						
33)	Tree frogs are found in forests as well as jungles.						
34)	Tree frogs eat only plants and seeds.						
35)	Tree frogs in some cases can change their colors.						
36)	Tree frogs are not capable of changing colors.						
37)	Tree frogs can only be found in North America.						
38)	Tree frogs spend most of their life at the bottom of lakes and rivers.						
39)	Tree frogs survive by secreting a toxic substance from their skin.						
40)	Tree frogs have sticky pads on their toes.						
Dete	ermine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.						

	Tree Fro	חר		Name:
<u>41</u>)	Tree frogs won't just eat insects, they'll also ea	0	niders too	Name.
41)			will not	
	C. did not	D.	can not	
42)	Many tree frogs can't survive in cold temperat	ure	°S.	
	A. cannot	B.	would not	
	C. should not	D.	can not	
43)	Tree frogs <u>don't</u> make much noise during the d	day		
	A. cannot	B.	does not	
	C. will not	D.	do not	
44)	Tree frogs <u>haven't</u> got teeth to chew their food	1.		
	A. have not	B.	cannot	
	C. are not	D.	do not	
45)	Tree frogs shouldn't be handled too much beca	aus	e it might stress them out.	
	A. ought not	B.	cannot	
	C. should not	D.	will not	
D -4	uning if the contourse is a declaration (d) and	.1	·····	

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **46**) Tree frogs are active at night and sleep during the day.
- **47)** How do tree frogs protect themselves from predators?
- **48)** Tree frogs come in many different colors, such as green, blue, red, and yellow.
- **49**) Tree frogs have special sticky pads on their feet that help them climb trees.
- **50**) Do tree frogs have any predators?
- 51) How do tree frogs catch their food?

	Tree Frog	Name:
1	26.	51.
2.	27	
3.	28	
4	29.	
5.	30.	
6	31	
7.	32.	
8.	33.	
9.	34.	
10.	35.	
11	36	
12.	37	
13.	38.	
14.	39.	
15.	40.	
16.	41	
17	42.	
18.	43.	
19.	44.	
20.	45.	
21.	46	
22 23.	47	
23	48	
25.	50.	
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Let's jump right in and meet an amazing little creature, the tree frog! These small, often brightly colored amphibians are quite a sight to behold. They have sticky pads on their toes which help them to climb trees and other surfaces. Some of them can even change colors to blend in with their surroundings, isn't that cool?

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Now, you might be wondering how tree frogs keep themselves safe in the wild, right? Well, they have quite a few tricks up their sleeve! Some tree frogs secrete a toxic substance from their skin as a defense mechanism against predators. So, while they might look cute and harmless, tree frogs are hardy little survivors in the wild, each one leaping and thriving in its own unique way.

Tree Frog

Answer Key Name:

Solv	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	Where can tree frogs be found?	р	
	A. All over the world		Only in Africa
	C. Only on islands	D.	Only in the desert
2)	What do tree frogs eat?		
	A. Grass, seeds, and dirt	В.	Leaves, fruits, and nuts
	C. Insects, spiders, and small invertebrates	D.	Birds, lemurs, and mice
3)	How do some tree frogs keep themselves safe	e in	the wild?
	A. They make a high pitched croak	В.	They secrete a toxic substance
	C. They play dead	D.	They pretend to be a leaf
4)	Can all tree frogs change colors?		
-)	A. Only the males can	B.	All of them can
	C. None of them can		Some of them can
-			
5)	What helps tree frogs to climb trees and other		
	A. They have sharp claws on each toeC. Their toes have tiny sharp hairs		Sticky pads on their toes They have a strong grip
	C. Then toes have tiny sharp hans	D.	They have a sublig grip
6)	What is the process called when a tree frog tr		
	A. Mutation		Metamorphosis
	C. Metastasis	D.	Metabolism
7)	What type of diet do tree frogs follow?		
-	A. Frugivorous	B.	Herbivorous
	C. Carnivorous	D.	Omnivorous
8)	Why are tree frogs considered helpful to hum	ane	2
0)	A. They make good pets		They help spread seeds
	C. They sing melodious songs		They help control the insect
			population
9)	Are tree frogs strong swimmers?		
")	A. Yes, tree frogs are great swimmers	B.	They prefer not to swim
	C. No, they can't swim at all		Some can swim, some can't
10)	What type of places do tree frogs love?	р	Dry hot places
	A. Cold, icy places		Dry, hot places
	C. Open, windy places	D.	Damp, humid places

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

"Our skin contains unique chemicals that are not only colorful but also helps us to stay 11) safe from predators by tasting or smelling bad."

	Tree Frog Name:	Answer	Key					
12)	"You wouldn't believe how sticky my toes are, they help me cling onto slippery surfaces	3!"						
13)	"My colorful skin helps me blend in with my surroundings, it's like having a built-in camouflage!"							
14)	"I'm a strict vegetarian. Bugs? No, thank you!"							
15)	"You'll always find me in damp, humid places with lots of insects, they are my favorite food source!"							
16)	"I like to eat fruits and vegetables."							
17)								
18)	"Metamorphosis, what's that? We are born as fully grown frogs."							
19)	"We prefer to live in dry, desert places because we can find the best food there."							
20)	"I don't have any defense mechanism. If a threat comes, I just hope for the best."							
Dete	termine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.							
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27)	-							
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	Tree Frog	g		Name:	Answer Key			
41)) Tree frogs <u>won't just eat insects</u> , they'll also eat spiders too.							
	A. do not	3.	will not					
	C. did not	Э.	can not					
42)	Many tree frogs <u>can't</u> survive in cold temperatu	ire	s.					
	A. cannot	3.	would not					
	C. should not	D.	can not					
43)	Tree frogs don't make much noise during the da	ay						
	A. cannot	3.	does not					
	C. will not	Э.	do not					
44)	Tree frogs haven't got teeth to chew their food.							
	A. have not H	3.	cannot					
	C. are not	D.	do not					
45)	Tree frogs shouldn't be handled too much becan	us	e it might stress them out.					
	A. ought not	3.	cannot					
	C. should not I	Э.	will not					
D (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

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- 51) How do tree frogs catch their food?

			Tree Frog			Name:	Answer Key
1.	Α	26.	opinion	51.	interrogative		
2.	С	27.	fact				
3.	В	28.	fact				
4.	D	29.	opinion				
5.	В	30.	opinion				
6.	В	31.	true				
7.	С	32.	false				
8.	D	33.	true				
9.	A	34.	false				
10.	D	35.	true				
11.	true	36.	false				
12.	true	37.	false				
13.	true	38.	false				
14.	false	39.	true				
15.	true	40.	true				
16.	false	41.	В				
17.	true	42.	Α				
18.	false	43.	D				
19.	false	44.	Α				
20.	false	45.	С				
21.	fact	46.	declarative				
22.	opinion	47.	interrogative				
23.	fact	48.	declarative				
24.	opinion	49.	declarative				
25.	fact	50.	interrogative				
		ww.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page 4	4 of 4		

Tree Frog Name: Solve each problem. Use the article to answer the question. 1) Where can tree frogs be found? (paragraph 2) A. All over the world B. C. D. D. 2) What do tree frogs eat? (paragraph 2) D. D.	
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 Where can tree frogs be found? (paragraph 2) A. All over the world B. C. D. What do tree frogs eat? (paragraph 2) 	
A. All over the worldB.C.D.2) What do tree frogs eat? (paragraph 2)	
2) What do tree frogs eat? (paragraph 2)	
A. Grass, seeds, and dirt B. Leaves, fruits, and nuts	
C. Insects, spiders, and small D.	
invertebrates	
3) How do some tree frogs keep themselves safe in the wild? (paragraph 4)	
A. B. They secrete a toxic substance	
C. D.	
4) Can all tree frogs change colors? (paragraph 1)	
A. B. All of them can	
C. D. Some of them can	
5) What helps tree frogs to climb trees and other surfaces? (paragraph 1)	
A. They have sharp claws on each toe B. Sticky pads on their toes	
C. D.	
6) What is the process called when a tree frog transforms from an egg to a fully grown frog?	
(paragraph 3)	
A.B. MetamorphosisC.D.	
С. D.	
7) What type of diet do tree frogs follow? (paragraph 2)	
A. B. Herbivorous	
C. Carnivorous D.	
8) Why are tree frogs considered helpful to humans? (paragraph 2)	
A. They make good pets B.	
C. D. They help control the insect population	
9) Are tree frogs strong swimmers? (paragraph 4)A. Yes, tree frogs are great swimmersB. They prefer not to swim	
C. D.	
10) What type of places do tree frogs love? (paragraph 2)A. Cold, icy placesB.	
C. D. Damp, humid places	

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



Tree	Frog
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- **11)** "Our skin contains unique chemicals that are not only colorful but also helps us to stay safe from predators by tasting or smelling bad." (paragraph 4)
- 12) "You wouldn't believe how sticky my toes are, they help me cling onto slippery surfaces!" (paragraph 1)