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Now, you might be wondering how tree frogs keep themselves safe in the wild, right? Well, they have quite a few tricks up their sleeve! Some tree frogs secrete a toxic substance from their skin as a defense mechanism against predators. So, while they might look cute and harmless, tree frogs are hardy little survivors in the wild, each one leaping and thriving in its own unique way.



#### Solve each problem.

#### Use the article to answer the question.

1) Where can tree frogs be found?

A. Only in the desertB. All over the worldC. Only on islandsD. Only in Africa

2) What do tree frogs eat?

A. Grass, seeds, and dirt B. Insects, spiders, and small

invertebrates

C. Leaves, fruits, and nuts

D. Birds, lemurs, and mice

3) How do some tree frogs keep themselves safe in the wild?

A. They secrete a toxic substance

B. They pretend to be a leaf

C. They play dead D. They make a high pitched croak

4) Can all tree frogs change colors?

A. Some of them canC. Only the males canD. None of them can

5) What helps tree frogs to climb trees and other surfaces?

A. Sticky pads on their toes B. They have a strong grip

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**6)** What is the process called when a tree frog transforms from an egg to a fully grown frog?

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7) What type of diet do tree frogs follow?

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8) Why are tree frogs considered helpful to humans?

A. They sing melodious songs

B. They help control the insect

population

C. They make good pets D. They help spread seeds

**9**) Are tree frogs strong swimmers?

A. No, they can't swim at all B. They prefer not to swim

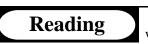
C. Yes, tree frogs are great swimmers D. Some can swim, some can't

**10**) What type of places do tree frogs love?

A. Dry, hot placesB. Open, windy placesC. Damp, humid placesD. Cold, icy places

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "Our skin contains unique chemicals that are not only colorful but also helps us to stay safe from predators by tasting or smelling bad."





- 12) "You wouldn't believe how sticky my toes are, they help me cling onto slippery surfaces!"
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- 15) "You'll always find me in damp, humid places with lots of insects, they are my favorite food source!"
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- 17) "I'm a carnivore, which means my diet consists mostly of insects, spiders, and sometimes even other small creatures!"
- **18)** "Metamorphosis, what's that? We are born as fully grown frogs."
- 19) "We prefer to live in dry, desert places because we can find the best food there."
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#### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 21) Some tree frogs produce a toxic substance from their skin as a defense mechanism.
- 22) The way tree frogs secrete a toxic substance from their skin as a defense is very scary.
- 23) Tree frogs eat insects, spiders, and sometimes small invertebrates.
- 24) Tree frogs are the cutest creatures with their tiny bodies and big eyes.
- 25) Tree frogs are found in various parts across the world, like Asia and Australia.
- **26)** Tree frogs are amazing because they have the ability to climb up trees unlike many other frogs.
- 27) Tree frogs have toes that have sticky pads which help them to climb trees and other surfaces.
- **28**) Tree frogs prefer living in moist and humid places.
- 29) It's interesting that some tree frogs can live in such different habitats, from the jungles to the forests.
- **30**) Watching a tree frog catch and eat an insect is really cool.

#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **31)** Tree frogs are carnivorous.
- **32)** Tree frogs like to spend their time in dry habitats.
- **33**) Tree frogs are found in forests as well as jungles.
- **34**) Tree frogs eat only plants and seeds.
- **35**) Tree frogs in some cases can change their colors.
- **36)** Tree frogs are not capable of changing colors.
- 37) Tree frogs can only be found in North America.
- **38)** Tree frogs spend most of their life at the bottom of lakes and rivers.
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#### Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.



Name:

41) Tree frogs won't just eat insects, they'll also eat spiders too.

A. do not

B. will not

C. did not

D. can not

**42)** Many tree frogs <u>can't</u> survive in cold temperatures.

A. cannot

B. would not

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A. cannot

B. does not

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D. do not

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# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

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Name:

1.	 26.	51.	
2.	27.		
3.	 28.		
4.	 29.		
5.	 30.		
6.	 31.		
7.	 32.		
8.	33.		
9.	34.		
10.	35.		
11.	36.		
12.	37.		
13.			
14.	39.		
15.	40.		
16.	41.		
18.			
19.			
20.			
22.			
23.			
24.			
25.	 50.		

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g Name: **Answer Key** 

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Tree Frog Name: Answer Key

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Name:

**Answer Key** 

1.	B	26.	opinion	51.	
2.	В	27.	fact		
3.	A	28.	fact		
4.	A	29.	opinion		
5.	<u>A</u>	30.	opinion		
6.	C	31.	true		
7.	<u>A</u>	32.	false		
8.	В	33.	true		
9.	C	34.	false		
10.	C	35.	true		
11.	true	36.	false		
12.	true	37.	false		
13.	true	38.	false		
14.	false	39.	true		
15.	true	40.	true		
16.	false	41.	В		
17.	true	42.	A		
18.	false	43.	D		
19.	false	44.	A		
20.	false	45.	C		
21.	fact	46.	declarative		
22.	opinion	47.	interrogative		
23.	fact	48.	declarative		
24.	opinion	49.	declarative		
25.	<b>fact</b>	50.	interrogative		



Name:

#### Solve each problem.

U	se	the	article	e to	answer	the	question.
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1) Where can tree frogs be found? (paragraph 2)

A. B. All over the world

C. D.

2) What do tree frogs eat? (paragraph 2)

A. B. Insects, spiders, and small

invertebrates

C. D.

3) How do some tree frogs keep themselves safe in the wild? (paragraph 4)

A. They secrete a toxic substance B. They pretend to be a leaf

C. D.

4) Can all tree frogs change colors? (paragraph 1)

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B. All of them can

C. D.

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C. D.

6) What is the process called when a tree frog transforms from an egg to a fully grown frog?

(paragraph 3)

A. Metastasis B.

C. Metamorphosis D.

7) What type of diet do tree frogs follow? (paragraph 2)

A. Carnivorous B.

C. D.

8) Why are tree frogs considered helpful to humans? (paragraph 2)

A. B. They help control the insect

population

C. D.

9) Are tree frogs strong swimmers? (paragraph 4)

A. B. They prefer not to swim

C. Yes, tree frogs are great swimmers D.

**10)** What type of places do tree frogs love? (paragraph 2)

A. Dry, hot places B.

C. Damp, humid places D.

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



Name:

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