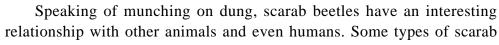
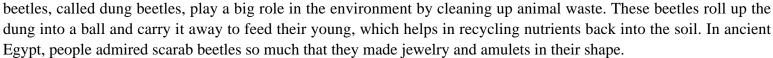


Did you know there are bugs that were once considered sacred in ancient Egypt? Those bugs are called scarab beetles and they have an extraordinary shiny armor that can be in different colors like green, brown, or even gold. They are small, usually less than 6 inches long, and have strong wings hidden under their hard shell. These beetles are famous for their unusual round shape, which makes them look like a tiny ball.

From being shaped like a little ball, let's roll into the life of scarab beetles. These little creatures love warm environments and you can find them in every continent except Antarctica. Just like us, they go through a life cycle - from being an egg, then a larva, a pupa, and finally, an adult beetle. Believe it or not, most of their life is spent as a larva, munching on a variety of things from plants, fruits, to even animal dung!







Now that we've looked at their life and their importance, let's dive into how scarab beetles protect themselves. To avoid predators, these beetles can fly away or hide under the soil. Some scarab beetles have strong jaws which they can use to bite if they feel threatened. So there you have it, the scarab beetles aren't just shiny bugs, they are nature's little cleaners and ancient symbols of transformation.



Name:



# Use the article to answer the question.

1) What is special about scarab beetles in history?

A. They were responsible for many deaths in Europe

B. They were considered sacred in Egypt.

C. They were originally only found in Antarctica.

D. They were once used as currency in Rome.

2) What is the first stage in a scarab beetles life?

A. Egg B. Adult Beetle

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3) What is the size of scarab beetles?

A. They are around a foot longB. Usually about a meterC. They are microscopicD. Shorter than 6 inches

4) Which choice is not a place scarab beetles be found?

A. Antarctica B. Europe C. Asia D. Africa

5) What type of scarab beetle is known for eating animal waste?

A. Goliath Beetles B. Dung Beetles

C. June Bugs D. Rhinoceros Beetle

**6)** How do scarab beetles protect themselves from predators?

A. They release a foul-smelling odor B. They play dead

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7) What stage does the scarab beetle spend most of its life?

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# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

10) "I can't fly but I am a very quick crawler."

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Scarab Beetles Name:

- 13) "My life begins as an egg, then I turn into a larva, to becoming a pupa, and finally, a mature beetle."
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- 17) "I like cool environments and prefer to live in Antarctica."
- 18) "You can mostly find me in cold environments."
- 19) "I was born looking the same as my adult self, just smaller!"
- **20**) "I was considered a symbol of destruction in ancient Egypt."
- 21) "My life mostly consists of eating, and as a larva, I munch on plants, fruits, and even animal dung."
- 22) "In ancient Egypt, I was so greatly admired that they made jewelry and amulets in my shape."
- 23) "My shiny shell comes in a whole range of colors like green, brown, or gold!"
- 24) "Some of us, called dung beetles, play a big role in cleaning up animal waste!"
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- **28)** Most of the life of scarab beetles is spent as a larva, eating things like plants, fruits, and animal dung.
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- **36)** You would be amazed to see how tiny these Scarab beetles are.
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Name:

- **44**) In ancient Egypt, people despised scarab beetles.
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# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

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- 63) It's amazing how scarab beetles were considered sacred in Ancient Egypt!
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	Scara	b Beetles	Name:	
1.	 26.	51		
2.	 27.	52.		
3.	 28.	53.		
4.	 29.	54		
5.	 30.	55		
6.	 31.	56.		
7.	 32.	57.		
8.	 33.	58		
9.	 34.	59.		
10.	 35.	60.		
11.	 36.	61.		
12.	 37.	62.		
13.	 38.	63.		
14.	 39.	64.		
15.	 40.			
16.	 41.			
17.	 42.			
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19.	 44.			
20.	 45.			

21.

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Reading

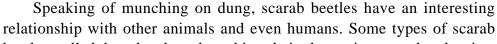
48.

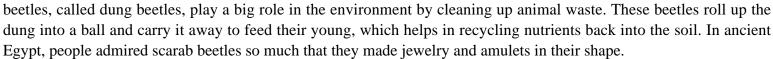
50.



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Name: Answer Key

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Scarab Beetles Name: Answer Key

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Name: Answer Key

В	26.	true	_ 51.	A	_
<u>A</u>	27.	true	_ 52.	C	-
<b>D</b>	28.	fact	_ 53.	exclamatory	-
A	29.	opinion	_ 54.	imperative	-
В	30.	fact	_ 55.	interrogative	-
<b>D</b>	31.	opinion	_ 56.	exclamatory	_
C	32.	fact	_ 57.	declarative	_
<b>D</b>	33.	opinion	_ 58.	interrogative	_
<u>D</u>	34.	fact	_ 59.	declarative	_
false	35.	fact	60.	interrogative	_
false	36.	opinion	61.	declarative	-
true	37.	opinion	62.	imperative	-
true	38.	true	63.	exclamatory	-
false	39.	false	_ 64.	imperative	-
true	40.	true	_		
true	41.	false	_		
false	42.	true	_		
false	43.	false	_		
false	_ 44.	false	-		
false	45.	false	_		
true	46.	true	_		
true	47.	true	-		
true	48.	В	-		
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false

50.

D

Name:

### Solve each problem.

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1) What is special about scarab beetles in history? (paragraph 1)

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C.

D.

2) What is the first stage in a scarab beetles life? (paragraph 2)

A. Egg

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C.

C.

D.

3) What is the size of scarab beetles? (paragraph 1)

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B. Usually about a meter

D. Shorter than 6 inches

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A. Antarctica

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C.

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7) What stage does the scarab beetle spend most of its life? (paragraph 2)

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B. As an adult

C. As a larva

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D. Seeds

9) What feature do some scarab beetles have to defend themselves? (paragraph 4)

A. Sharp spikes on their shells

В.

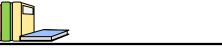
C.

D. Strong jaws to bite with

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

10) "I can't fly but I am a very quick crawler." (paragraph 4)

11) "In ancient Egypt, no one really cared much for us scarab beetles." (paragraph 3)



Name:

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