



Let's talk about a cool little creature, the green anole! This tiny lizard is a brilliant green color, but did you know it can change its color to brown too? They have a long tail, and males have a neat pink throat fan called a dewlap, which they show off to attract females or scare away other males. Isn't it amazing how these little guys are so colorful and interesting?



Speaking of colorful and interesting, let's explore the world of green anoles. Green anoles are native to North America, living mostly in the southeastern United States, and they love hanging out in trees and shrubs. Their diet mainly consists of insects, like crickets, roaches, and mealworms, and they drink by licking dew or rain off of leaves. Nature is their supermarket, isn't it?

From their supermarket in nature, let's move on to their relationship with other creatures. Green anoles are quite peaceful and prefer to avoid conflict, but they will defend their territory from other males. With humans, they can be quite shy at first, but with time and patience, they can become comfortable and even eat out of a person's hand. Green anoles also play an important role in the ecosystem by controlling insect populations.

Now that we've seen how they interact, let's compare green anoles to other species. Unlike some lizards, green anoles can change their color based on their mood, temperature, and health. Their life cycle is also fascinating, with females laying single eggs every couple of weeks in the warm months, which hatch into little lizards after about a month or two. So, to wrap it up, green anoles are amazing creatures with their color-changing abilities, interesting diet, and important role in the ecosystem.



**Solve each problem.****Use the article to answer the question.**

- 1) How do green anoles behave around humans?
  - A. They always remain shy
  - B. They are aggressive
  - C. They are shy at first, but can become comfortable with time
  - D. They are always comfortable
  
- 2) What is unique about green anoles compared to some other lizards?
  - A. They can change their color
  - B. They can lose and regrow their tail
  - C. They can glide with flaps under their arms
  - D. They can live underwater
  
- 3) How do green anoles drink water?
  - A. They get it from the food they eat
  - B. They drink from streams
  - C. They absorb it through their skin
  - D. They lick dew or rain off of leaves
  
- 4) What do green anoles mostly eat?
  - A. Seeds and nuts
  - B. Insects
  - C. Plants and fruits
  - D. Small animals like mice and birds
  
- 5) How do green anoles react when they are faced with other males that are intruding their territory?
  - A. They defend their territory
  - B. They ignore them
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- 6) What do male green anoles use to attract females?
  - A. A throat fan called dewlap
  - B. Their ability to climb trees
  - C. Their long tail
  - D. Their green color
  
- 7) Where do green anoles primarily live?
  - A. In the southeastern United States
  - B. In the Southwestern United States
  - C. In the northeastern United States
  - D. In desert areas
  
- 8) Where do green anoles usually live?
  - A. In sandy deserts.
  - B. In trees and shrubs.
  - C. In caves.
  - D. In water bodies.
  
- 9) What color is the dewlap?
  - A. Red
  - B. Yellow
  - C. Green
  - D. Pink
  
- 10) How often do female green anoles lay eggs in the warm months?
  - A. Every couple of weeks
  - B. Once a month
  - C. Every day
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- 38) Green anoles are native to Africa.
- 39) Green anoles only eat ants.
- 40) Green anoles can change their color based on their mood, temperature, and health.
- 41) Green anoles have a pink throat fan.

**Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).**

- 42) Green anoles are great climbers and jumpers.
- 43) Do green anoles have teeth?
- 44) The male green anoles have a red throat called a dewlap.
- 45) Green anoles are found in the southeastern United States.
- 46) What is the scientific name for green anoles?
- 47) Do green anoles change color?



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1-10	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50
11-20	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0



- |     |                               |     |                                     |
|-----|-------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| 1.  | <u>    <b>C</b>    </u>       | 26. | <u>    <b>fact</b>    </u>          |
| 2.  | <u>    <b>A</b>    </u>       | 27. | <u>    <b>opinion</b>    </u>       |
| 3.  | <u>    <b>D</b>    </u>       | 28. | <u>    <b>fact</b>    </u>          |
| 4.  | <u>    <b>B</b>    </u>       | 29. | <u>    <b>fact</b>    </u>          |
| 5.  | <u>    <b>A</b>    </u>       | 30. | <u>    <b>opinion</b>    </u>       |
| 6.  | <u>    <b>A</b>    </u>       | 31. | <u>    <b>opinion</b>    </u>       |
| 7.  | <u>    <b>A</b>    </u>       | 32. | <u>    <b>true</b>    </u>          |
| 8.  | <u>    <b>B</b>    </u>       | 33. | <u>    <b>false</b>    </u>         |
| 9.  | <u>    <b>D</b>    </u>       | 34. | <u>    <b>true</b>    </u>          |
| 10. | <u>    <b>A</b>    </u>       | 35. | <u>    <b>false</b>    </u>         |
| 11. | <u>    <b>B</b>    </u>       | 36. | <u>    <b>true</b>    </u>          |
| 12. | <u>    <b>true</b>    </u>    | 37. | <u>    <b>false</b>    </u>         |
| 13. | <u>    <b>true</b>    </u>    | 38. | <u>    <b>false</b>    </u>         |
| 14. | <u>    <b>true</b>    </u>    | 39. | <u>    <b>false</b>    </u>         |
| 15. | <u>    <b>false</b>    </u>   | 40. | <u>    <b>true</b>    </u>          |
| 16. | <u>    <b>true</b>    </u>    | 41. | <u>    <b>true</b>    </u>          |
| 17. | <u>    <b>false</b>    </u>   | 42. | <u>    <b>declarative</b>    </u>   |
| 18. | <u>    <b>true</b>    </u>    | 43. | <u>    <b>interrogative</b>    </u> |
| 19. | <u>    <b>false</b>    </u>   | 44. | <u>    <b>declarative</b>    </u>   |
| 20. | <u>    <b>false</b>    </u>   | 45. | <u>    <b>declarative</b>    </u>   |
| 21. | <u>    <b>false</b>    </u>   | 46. | <u>    <b>interrogative</b>    </u> |
| 22. | <u>    <b>fact</b>    </u>    | 47. | <u>    <b>interrogative</b>    </u> |
| 23. | <u>    <b>opinion</b>    </u> |     |                                     |
| 24. | <u>    <b>fact</b>    </u>    |     |                                     |
| 25. | <u>    <b>opinion</b>    </u> |     |                                     |

**Solve each problem.****Use the article to answer the question.**

- 1) How do green anoles behave around humans? (paragraph 3)
  - A. They always remain shy
  - B.
  - C. They are shy at first, but can become comfortable with time
  - D.
- 2) What is unique about green anoles compared to some other lizards? (paragraph 4)
  - A. They can change their color
  - B. They can lose and regrow their tail
  - C.
  - D.
- 3) How do green anoles drink water? (paragraph 2)
  - A. They get it from the food they eat
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  - D.
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  - C.
  - D.
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  - C.
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- 7) Where do green anoles primarily live? (paragraph 2)
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  - B.
  - C.
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  - A.
  - B. In trees and shrubs.
  - C.
  - D.
- 9) What color is the dewlap? (paragraph 1)
  - A. Red
  - B. Yellow
  - C.
  - D. Pink
- 10) How often do female green anoles lay eggs in the warm months? (paragraph 4)
  - A. Every couple of weeks
  - B.
  - C.
  - D.
- 11) What can a green anole change its color to? (paragraph 1)
  - A. Black
  - B. Brown
  - C.
  - D.



**Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).**

- 12) "You know what? I don't lay a ton of eggs like some animals. Just one at a time, every few weeks, during warm months." (paragraph 4)