

Name:

Let's talk about a cool little creature, the green anole! This tiny lizard is a brilliant green color, but did you know it can change its color to brown too? They have a long tail, and males have a neat pink throat fan called a dewlap, which they show off to attract females or scare away other males. Isn't it amazing how these little guys are so colorful and interesting?



Speaking of colorful and interesting, let's explore the world of green anoles. Green anoles are native to North America, living mostly in the southeastern United States, and they love hanging out in trees and shrubs. Their diet mainly consists of insects, like crickets, roaches, and mealworms, and they drink by licking dew or rain off of leaves. Nature is their supermarket, isn't it?

From their supermarket in nature, let's move on to their relationship with other creatures. Green anoles are quite peaceful and prefer to avoid conflict, but they will defend their territory from other males. With humans, they can be quite shy at first, but with time and patience, they can become comfortable and even eat out of a person's hand. Green anoles also play an important role in the ecosystem by controlling insect populations.



Now that we've seen how they interact, let's compare green anoles to other species. Unlike some lizards, green anoles can change their color based on their mood, temperature, and health. Their life cycle is also fascinating, with females laying single eggs every couple of weeks in the warm months, which hatch into little lizards after about a month or two. So, to wrap it up, green anoles are amazing creatures with their colorchanging abilities, interesting diet, and important role in the ecosystem.



Green Anole

Solv	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	How do green anoles behave around human	18?	
	A. They always remain shy	B. They are aggressive	
	C. They are shy at first, but can become comfortable with time	D. They are always comfortable	
2)	What is unique about green anoles compare	ed to some other lizards?	
	A. They can glide with flaps under their arms	B. They can lose and regrow their tail	
	C. They can change their color	D. They can live underwater	
3)	How do green anoles drink water?		
	A. They drink from streams	B. They lick dew or rain off of leaves	
	C. They get it from the food they eat	D. They absorb it through their skin	
4)	What do green anoles mostly eat?		
-)	A. Plants and fruits	B. Small animals like mice and birds	
	C. Seeds and nuts	D. Insects	
5)	How do green anoles react when they are faterritory?	aced with other males that are intruding thei	r
	A. They ignore them	B. They invite them to share their territory	
	C. They leave their territory	D. They defend their territory	
6)	What do male green anoles use to attract fe	males?	
-)	A. Their long tail	B. A throat fan called dewlap	
	C. Their ability to climb trees	D. Their green color	
7)	Where do green anoles primarily live?		
')	A. In desert areas	B. In the northeastern United States	
	C. In the southeastern United States	D. In the Southwestern United States	
O)			
8)	Where do green anoles usually live? A. In caves.	P. In trace and shruke	
	A. In caves.C. In sandy deserts.	B. In trees and shrubs.D. In water bodies.	
	C. In sandy deserts.	D. In water boules.	
9)	What color is the dewlap?		
	A. Green	B. Yellow	
	C. Pink	D. Red	
10)	How often do female green anoles lay eggs	in the warm months?	
	A. Once a month	B. Every day	
	C. Once a year	D. Every couple of weeks	

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	Green Anole Name: What can a green anole change its color to? Image: Color to?						
11)	A. Red B. Blue						
	C. Brown D. Black						
	Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).						
12)	"You know what? I don't lay a ton of eggs like some animals. Just one at a time, every few weeks, during warm months."						
13)	"I can be green or brown."						
14)	"My favorite meals are crickets, roaches, and mealworms Yum!"						
15)	"Unlike my fellow lizards who can change their colors based on the surroundings, I just stick to my one color!"						
16)	"I can change my color depending on how I feel, the temperature, or how healthy I am. It's really fun to show off!"						
17)	"My dewlap is blue in color."						
18)	"At first, I might be shy, but I can get used to you and even eat from your hand."						
19)	"Let me be clear, I prefer to live in the desert not in trees and shrubs."						
20)	"Drinking water is a bit different for me, I find small bodies of water and take sips from there."						
21)	"I cannot change my color."						
Dete	ermine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.						
22)	Females of the green anole lay a single egg every few weeks in warm months.						
23)	The bright pink throat fan of a male green anole looks really cool.						
24)	Males of the green anole have a pink throat fan called a dewlap.						
25)	It's amazing how green anoles can become comfortable with humans and eat out of a person's hand.						
26)	Green anoles can be found mostly in the southeastern part of the United States.						
27)	It is really cool that green anoles can change their color to brown.						
28)	The color of the green anole can change based on mood, temperature, and health.						
29)	Green anoles eat insects such as roaches and mealworms.						
30)	It is amazing to see how quickly green anoles can climb up trees and shrubs.						
31)	Green anoles are the most beautiful lizards because of their bright green color.						
Dete	Determine if the statement is true or false.						
32)	Green anoles drink by licking dew or rain off of leaves.						
33)	Green anoles lay eggs in the winter months.						
34)	Green anoles lay a single egg every couple of weeks in the warm months.						
35)	Males green anoles have a blue throat fan called a dewlap.						
36)	The main diet of green anoles is insects.						
37)	Green anoles live in burrows underground.						
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- **38**) Green anoles are native to Africa.
- **39**) Green anoles only eat ants.
- 40) Green anoles can change their color based on their mood, temperature, and health.
- **41**) Green anoles have a pink throat fan.

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **42)** Green anoles are great climbers and jumpers.
- **43**) Do green anoles have teeth?
- **44**) The male green anoles have a red throat called a dewlap.
- **45**) Green anoles are found in the southeastern United States.
- **46)** What is the scientific name for green anoles?
- **47**) Do green anoles change color?

	Green Anole	Name:
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Name:

Let's talk about a cool little creature, the green anole! This tiny lizard is a brilliant green color, but did you know it can change its color to brown too? They have a long tail, and males have a neat pink throat fan called a dewlap, which they show off to attract females or scare away other males. Isn't it amazing how these little guys are so colorful and interesting?



Speaking of colorful and interesting, let's explore the world of green anoles. Green anoles are native to North America, living mostly in the southeastern United States, and they love hanging out in trees and shrubs. Their diet mainly consists of insects, like crickets, roaches, and mealworms, and they drink by licking dew or rain off of leaves. Nature is their supermarket, isn't it?

From their supermarket in nature, let's move on to their relationship with other creatures. Green anoles are quite peaceful and prefer to avoid conflict, but they will defend their territory from other males. With humans, they can be quite shy at first, but with time and patience, they can become comfortable and even eat out of a person's hand. Green anoles also play an important role in the ecosystem by controlling insect populations.



Now that we've seen how they interact, let's compare green anoles to other species. Unlike some lizards, green anoles can change their color based on their mood, temperature, and health. Their life cycle is also fascinating, with females laying single eggs every couple of weeks in the warm months, which hatch into little lizards after about a month or two. So, to wrap it up, green anoles are amazing creatures with their colorchanging abilities, interesting diet, and important role in the ecosystem.



	UIEEII F	AIIOIC	Name.
Solv	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	How do green anoles behave around human	s?	
	A. They always remain shy	B. They are aggressive	
	C. They are shy at first, but can become comfortable with time	D. They are always comfo	ortable
2)	What is unique about green anoles compared	d to some other lizards?	
	A. They can glide with flaps under their arms	B. They can lose and regre	ow their tail
	C. They can change their color	D. They can live underway	ter
3)	How do green anoles drink water?		
	A. They drink from streams	B. They lick dew or rain of	off of leaves
	C. They get it from the food they eat	D. They absorb it through	their skin
4)	What do green anoles mostly eat?		
	A. Plants and fruits	B. Small animals like mic	e and birds
	C. Seeds and nuts	D. Insects	
5)	How do green anoles react when they are fatterritory?	ced with other males that are	intruding their
	A. They ignore them	B. They invite them to sha territory	are their
	C. They leave their territory	D. They defend their territ	ory
6)	What do male green anoles use to attract fer	nales?	
2	A. Their long tail	B. A throat fan called dew	lap
	C. Their ability to climb trees	D. Their green color	
7)	Where do green anoles primarily live?		
- /	A. In desert areas	B. In the northeastern Uni	ted States
	C. In the southeastern United States	D. In the Southwestern Ur	nited States
8)	Where do green anoles usually live?		
-)	A. In caves.	B. In trees and shrubs.	
	C. In sandy deserts.	D. In water bodies.	
9)	What color is the dewlap?		
-)	A. Green	B. Yellow	
	C. Pink	D. Red	
10)	How often do famalo arean analas las area	in the worm months?	
10)	How often do female green anoles lay eggs A. Once a month	B. Every day	
	C. Once a year	D. Every couple of weeks	

		Green Anole	Name:	Answer Key					
<u>11</u>)	What can a green anole change it		Traine.						
)	A. Red	B. Blue							
	C. Brown	D. Black							
D-4-			(11 7)	1. ¹					
	Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).								
12)	• • •								
13)	"I can be green or brown."								
14)	"My favorite meals are crickets,	roaches and mealworms Vi	ım!"						
15)	"Unlike my fellow lizards who c	,		st					
10)	stick to my one color!"	an change then colors based c	in the surroundings, 1 ju	51					
16)	"I can change my color depending on how I feel, the temperature, or how healthy I am. It's really fun to show off!"								
17)	"My dewlap is blue in color."								
18)	"At first, I might be shy, but I ca	n get used to you and even ear	t from your hand."						
19)	"Let me be clear, I prefer to live	in the desert not in trees and s	hrubs."						
20)	"Drinking water is a bit different for me, I find small bodies of water and take sips from there."								
21)	"I cannot change my color."								
Dete	Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.								
22)	-								
23)	The bright pink throat fan of a male green anole looks really cool.								
24)	Males of the green anole have a pink throat fan called a dewlap.								
25)	It's amazing how green anoles can become comfortable with humans and eat out of a person's hand.								
26)	Green anoles can be found most	ly in the southeastern part of the	he United States.						
27)	It is really cool that green anoles	can change their color to brow	wn.						
28)	The color of the green anole can	change based on mood, temp	erature, and health.						
29)	Green anoles eat insects such as	roaches and mealworms.							
30)	It is amazing to see how quickly	green anoles can climb up tre	es and shrubs.						
31)	Green anoles are the most beauti	ful lizards because of their bri	ight green color.						
Dete	ermine if the statement is true of	r false.							
32)	Green anoles drink by licking de	w or rain off of leaves.							
33)	Green anoles lay eggs in the winter months.								
34)	Green anoles lay a single egg eve	ery couple of weeks in the wa	rm months.						
35)	Males green anoles have a blue t	hroat fan called a dewlap.							
36)	The main diet of green anoles is	insects.							
37)	Green anoles live in burrows und	derground.							
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- **46)** What is the scientific name for green anoles?
- **47**) Do green anoles change color?

			Green Anole	2	Nan	ne:	Answer Key
1.	С	26.	fact				
2.	C	27.	opinion				
3.	B	28.	fact				
4.	D	29.	fact				
5.	D	30.	opinion				
6.	B	31.	opinion				
7.	<u> </u>	32.	true				
8.	<u> </u>	33.	false				
9.	<u> </u>	34.	true				
10.	D	35.	false				
11.	<u> </u>	36.	true				
12.	true	37.	false				
13.	true	38.	false				
14.	true	39.	false				
15.	false	40.	true				
16.	true	41.	true				
17.	false	42.	declarative				
18.	true	43.	interrogative				
19.	false	44.	declarative				
20.	false	45.	declarative				
21.	false	46.	interrogative				
22.	fact	47.	interrogative				
23.	opinion						
24.	fact						
25.	opinion						
	Reading www.CommonCoreSheets.com Page 4 of 4						

	G	reen Anol	e Name:
olv	e each problem.		
	the article to answer the question.		
1)	How do green anoles behave around		ragraph 3)
	A. They always remain shy	B.	
	C. They are shy at first, but can bec comfortable with time	ome D.	
2)	What is unique about green anoles co	ompared to s	ome other lizards? (paragraph 4)
	А.	В.	They can lose and regrow their tail
	C. They can change their color	D.	
3)	How do green anoles drink water? (pa	aragraph 2)	
	А.	B.	They lick dew or rain off of leaves
	C.	D.	
4)	What do green anoles mostly eat? (part	ragraph 2)	
	A. Plants and fruits	B.	
	С.	D.	Insects
5)	How do green anoles react when the territory? (paragraph 3)	y are faced w	with other males that are intruding their
	A. They ignore them	B.	They invite them to share their
			territory
	C.	D.	They defend their territory
6)	What do male green anoles use to att	ract females	? (paragraph 1)
	A. Their long tail	В.	A throat fan called dewlap
	С.	D.	
7)	Where do green anoles primarily live	e? (paragraph 2)	
	A. In desert areas	B.	In the northeastern United States
	C. In the southeastern United States	D.	
8)	Where do green anoles usually live?	(paragraph 2)	
-)	А.		In trees and shrubs.
	С.	D.	
9)	What color is the dewlap? (paragraph 1)		
-)	A.	B.	Yellow
	C. Pink	D.	
.0)	How often do female green anoles la	y eggs in the	e warm months? (paragraph 4)
/	A. Once a month		Every day
	С.	D.	Every couple of weeks
1)	What can a green anole change its co	olor to? (paragr	aph 1)
,	A. Red		Blue
	C. Brown	D.	



Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

12) "You know what? I don't lay a ton of eggs like some animals. Just one at a time, every few weeks, during warm months." (paragraph 4)