Imagine a snake with a body so brightly colored, it looks like it's wearing a party costume! This is the Eastern Coral Snake, a small, thin snake with a head that barely stands out from its body. Its skin is covered with a pattern of red, yellow, and black bands that make it one of the most recognizable snakes in the world. But don't let its festive look fool you, this snake has a serious side too.

Speaking of serious, when it comes to mealtime, the Eastern Coral Snake is all business. Its favorite foods are small lizards and other snakes, which it catches using its short, fixed front fangs. The Eastern Coral Snake is a connoisseur of the 'grab-and-hold' style of dining, which means it holds onto its food while injecting it with venom. Even though this might sound scary, it is just part of how the Eastern Coral Snake survives in the wild.



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Now, you might be thinking, 'Do Eastern Coral Snakes and humans get along?' Well, they are shy and prefer to avoid humans, but if they feel threatened, they can bite to defend themselves. Their venom is very potent, but bites are rare because these snakes would rather hide or run away. In nature, every creature has its place, and for the Eastern Coral Snake, that place is being a quiet, colorful part of the world's amazing biodiversity.



Solve each problem.

	the article to answer the question.		0			
1)	What do Eastern Coral Snakes do several times a year?					
	A. Shed their skin		Grow new fangs			
	C. Hibernate	D.	Change their color			
2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found?					
	A. In the mountains of Asia.	В.	In the southeastern United States.			
	C. In the deserts of Africa.	D.	In the rainforests of South America.			
3)	Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral Snake	es li	ke to hide?			
,	A. Under leaf litter or in burrows	B.	In tree branches or in bird nests			
	C. Under rocks or in caves	D.	In water or in swampy areas			
4)	4) How does a bite from an eastern coral snake affect humans?					
,	A. It is very dangerous.		It is painless.			
	C. It causes temporary dizziness.	D.	Coral snakes do not bite.			
5)	What is the name for the process in which Ea	ster	n Coral Snakes remove old skin?			
0)	A. Peeling		Exfoliating			
	C. Shedding		Molting			
	-		C C			
6)	What is another term for the babies of Eastern					
	A. Hatchlings.		Pups.			
	C. Fry.	D.	Larvae.			
7)	What color are the bands on the skin of the Ea	aste	rn Coral Snake?			
	A. Red, white, and blue	В.	Orange, black, and white			
	C. Blue, green, and yellow	D.	Red, yellow, and black			
8)	What technique does the Eastern Coral Snake	e use	e to eat its food?			
	A. Stalk and pounce	B.	Grab and hold			
	C. Hide and ambush	D.	Chase and conquer			
9)	What is the Eastern Coral Snake's favorite for	od?				
,	A. Nuts and seeds.	B.	Insects like spiders and ants.			
	C. Small lizards and other snakes.	D.	Birds and their eggs.			
10)	How does the Eastern Coral Snake catch its for	hoo	9			
10)	A. By constricting its prey.		Using its short, fixed front fangs.			
	C. By using its long, sharp teeth.		By swallowing it whole.			
11)	What areas do Eastern Coral Snakes prefer fo					
	A. Forested or marshy areas		Desert areas			
	C. Mountainous areas	D.	Urban areas			

	Eastern Cora	al Snake Name	:
12)	Are eastern coral snakes aggressive towards	humans?	
	A. Yes, they are often aggressive towards humans.	B. Only the females are aggressive	
	C. Only the males are aggressive	D. No, they are shy and prefer to avoid humans.	d
13)	Why are bites from Eastern Coral Snakes rar	e?	
	A. These snakes would rather hide or run away	B. These snakes have poor aim	
	C. These snakes are friendly and prefer not to bite	D. These snakes lose their fangs with	age

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 14) "Did you know we use our fangs to grab and hold our food while injecting it with venom?"
- 15) "You'll typically find me in icy, cold regions. I adore the snow!"
- 16) "I enjoy eating a diet that mainly consists of fruits and vegetables."
- 17) "Once I grow into an adult, I never shed my skin again!"
- 18) "You could spot us from a mile away with our bright red, yellow, and black stripes."
- **19**) "When we are hungry, we like to munch on small lizards and, believe it or not, other snakes!"
- 20) "I prefer living on tree tops."
- 21) "I give live birth to my little ones. They come out wriggling and ready to explore the world."
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- 24) "My venom isn't that powerful. A bite from me is similar to a bee sting."
- **25**) "Even though our venom is potent, we hardly ever bite humans because we prefer to hide or run away."
- 26) "I have large, retractable fangs that I use to catch my food."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 27) Eastern Coral Snakes shed their skin several times a year.
- **28)** It's interesting to watch an Eastern Coral Snake shed its skin.
- **29)** Eastern Coral Snakes prefer to hide under leaf litter or in burrows.
- **30**) Eastern Coral Snakes are beautiful creatures with their vibrant red, yellow, and black bands.
- **31**) Eastern Coral Snakes can be found in the southeastern part of the United States.
- **32)** It is disgusting that Eastern Coral Snakes will eat other snakes.
- **33**) Eastern Coral Snakes give birth to live young instead of laying eggs.
- **34)** Eastern Coral Snakes mostly live in forested or marshy areas.

- **35**) It's impressive how the Eastern Coral Snake can hold its food and inject venom at the same time.
- **36)** It is surprising that the Eastern Coral Snake would rather hide or run away than bite humans.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

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- 41) Eastern Coral Snakes shed their skin every year.
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- 44) Eastern Coral Snakes eat only plants.
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Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

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- 51) How do eastern coral snakes protect themselves?
- 52) Where do eastern coral snakes live?

		Eastern Coral S	nake	Name:	
1.	26.		51		
2.	27.		52.		
3.	28.				
4.	29.				
5.	30.				
6.	31.				
7.	32.				
8.	33.				
9.	34.				
10.	35.				
11.	36.				
12.	37.				
13.	38.				
14.	39.				
15.	40.				
16.	41.				
17.	42.				
18.	43.				
19.	44.				
20.	45.				
21.	46.				
22.	47.				
23.	48.				
24.	49.				
25.	50.				
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Name: Answer Key

Solve each problem.

	the article to answer the question. What do Eastern Coral Snakes do several tim	es a	year?
	A. Shed their skin	B.	Grow new fangs
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2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found?		
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	C. Under rocks or in caves		In water or in swampy areas
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	C. Blue, green, and yellow		Red, yellow, and black
0)			-
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	A. Stalk and pounceC. Hide and ambush		Grab and hold Chase and conquer
	C. The and amoust	D.	Chase and conquer
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		2.	

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		I	Eastern Coral S	nake		Name:	Answer Key
1.	Α	26.	false	51.	interrogative	_	
2.	B	27.	fact	52.	interrogative		
3.	Α	28.	opinion				
4.	Α	29.	fact				
5.	D	30.	opinion				
6.	A	31.	fact				
7.	D	32.	opinion				
8.	В	33.	fact				
9.	С	34.	fact				
10.	В	35.	opinion				
11.	A	36.	opinion				
12.	D	37.	true				
13.	A	38.	false				
14.	true	39.	true				
15.	false	40.	false				
16.	false	41.	true				
17.	false	42.	false				
18.	true	43.	false				
19.	true	44.	false				
20.	false	45.	true				
21.	false	46.	true				
22.	false	47.	declarative				
23.	true	48.	interrogative				
24.	false	49.	declarative				
25.	true	50.	declarative				
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Solv	e each problem.							
Use	the article to answer the question.							
1)	What do Eastern Coral Snakes do seve	eral times a year? (paragraph 3)						
	A. Shed their skin	B. Grow new fangs						
	С.	D.						
2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be fo	und? (paragraph 3)						
ŕ	А.	B. In the southeastern United States.						
	С.	D.						
3)	Where in their habitat do Eastern Cora	1 Snakes like to hide? (non-senate 2)						
3)	A. Under leaf litter or in burrows	B.						
	C.	D.						
4)	How does a bite from an eastern coral							
	A. It is very dangerous.	B. It is painless.						
	C.	D.						
5)	What is the name for the process in wh	What is the name for the process in which Eastern Coral Snakes remove old skin? (paragraph 3)						
	А.	B. Exfoliating						
	С.	D. Molting						
6)	What is another term for the babies of	Eastern Coral Snakes? (paragraph 3)						
•)	A. Hatchlings.	B. Pups.						
	С.	D.						
7)	What color are the bands on the skin o	f the Eastern Coral Snake? (according to 1)						
1)	A.	B. Orange, black, and white						
	C.	D. Red, yellow, and black						
8)	What technique does the Eastern Coral							
	A.	B. Grab and hold						
	C.	D.						
9)	What is the Eastern Coral Snake's favo	orite food? (paragraph 2)						
	A. Nuts and seeds.	B. Insects like spiders and ants.						
	C. Small lizards and other snakes.	D.						
10)	How does the Eastern Coral Snake cate	ch its food? (paragraph 2)						
)	А.	B. Using its short, fixed front fangs.						
	С.	D.						
11)	What areas do Eastern Coral Snakes pr	rafar for their habitat?						
11)	A. Forested or marshy areas	B. Desert areas						
	C.	D.						

12) Are eastern coral snakes aggressive towards humans? (paragraph 4)

A. Yes, they are often aggressive towards humans.

B. Only the females are aggressive

D. No, they are shy and prefer to avoid humans.

C.